

What Is Home With-
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All the News That's
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HOW TO SEE THE INVISIBLE

Thomas R. White Riddles Some Com-
mon Ideas About So-Called
Visible Objects.

TALKS TO THE HIGH SCHOOL

Preaches Twice at First Presbyterian
Church Sunday—J. B. Meacham
to Return Thursday.

The Rev. Thomas R. White, Pres-
byterian minister in Indiana univer-
sity, who preached twice at the First
Presbyterian church yesterday, talk-
ed to the high school this morning
briefly, but his thought was so ap-
propriate for the mental condition in
which high school students fall that
the audience of young people was
gripped by his appeal for the same
viewpoint as to God as is given to
earthly things.

"Seeing the Invisible" was the
topic which the Rev. Mr. White chose.
He is a young, virile, clean-cut man of
Scotch-Irish descent whose fine ap-
pearance and manly bearing would
naturally attract the attention of
young people, especially young men.
His enunciation is so pleasing and
distinct that the high school students
were won by him instantly.

He argued and reasoned with the
students. He asked if seeing the in-
visible were reasonable. He pointed
out that the effects of such things as
wind, chemical action and electricity
can be seen, yet the things in them-
selves can not be seen.

The Rev. Mr. White called atten-
tion to the fact no student could de-
fine wind from what he had ever seen
of it. All he knows about it is what
it has done. The same thing applies to
chemicals and electricity, he said.
The light is not electricity, but is the
result of the working of electricity
in the wires.

Then the Rev. Mr. White, follow-
ing the logic of his arguments, stated
that God is invisible. He pleaded for
the same viewpoint with God as is
taken of earthly things. He said
that the effects of wind, chemicals
and other things were taken to be the
things themselves, and in the same
way the visible results of God's work
should be viewed.

The minister declared that the in-
visible might be seen by merely an
added touch. He recalled that we
drink water, yet with the added touch
of looking at it through a microscope,
we see many moving objects in it and
we are horrified. He said that an
instrument could be applied that
makes it possible to hear flies walk
on glass. And it takes such an added
touch to see the invisible.

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USUAL BUSINESS IN COURT

Regular Monday Program Followed by
Judge Megee.

The usual Monday morning pro-
gram was followed out this morning
in the circuit court. No cases were
heard and the court was "dark" this
afternoon. The record for the past
week was read in open court as
usual. The petit jury was called for
this morning but because of other
business the jury was ordered not to
report. The first jury case will be
called tomorrow. In the divorce case
of Luella Crumpacker against Char-
les Crumpacker, the defendant de-
faulted, when the case was called
this morning.

ALFRED C. HOLT DIES SUDDENLY

Heart Attack is Fatal to Well Known
Farmer of Near Henderson—
Succumbs at Table.

IS SURVIVED BY ONE SON

Alfred C. Holt, 77 years old, died
suddenly this morning at six-thirty
o'clock at his home near Henderson
from heart disease. Mr. Holt was
stricken while eating breakfast and
died almost instantly. He had been
a sufferer with heart disease for a
number of years but this morning ap-
peared to be in his usual health. Mr.
Holt would have been seventy-eight
years old March 10. His wife has
been dead a number of years. Mr.
Holt was a well known farmer and
had been a resident of this county
for a long time. He is survived by
one son, Robert Holt. The funeral
services will be held Thursday morn-
ing at 10 o'clock in the Hannigan
church.

SOME REAL GRAPE FRUIT.

Frank Wilson, who is spend-
ing the winter at St. Petersburg,
Florida, sent a box of Florida
grape fruit to the store here,
and it was received this morning
by the clerks with high glee. It
is some of the kind the consumer
reads about, but never sees, be-
cause mose grapefruit is picked
green so that it will not spoil
in shipping. Mr. Wilson helped
pick the crate and shipped it by
express so the fruit would not
spoil. They are mellow and de-
licious, and taste far better than
Indiana people usually eat.

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NATIVE OF RUSH COUNTY IS DEAD

Mrs. Elvina Midkiff, Age 81 Years,
Expires Sunday of Euremic
Poisoning.

STRAYED AWAY IN EARLY LIFE

Moved to Virginia, But Could Not
Overcome Longing for Indiana.
Traveled in Wagon.

Mrs. Elvina Midkiff, aged eighty-
one years, a native of this county,
died Sunday at her home in southern
Rush county. Her death was caused
by euremic poisoning and came fol-
lowing a terrible suffering of several
days.

She was born here on December 14,
1831. Her parents' name was Beggs.
When she was two years old they
moved to Virginia, where her early
girlhood days were spent. When she
was sixteen years old they yielded to
the longing to return to their far
western home and set out to return
to the Hoosier state. They made the
trip to Indiana traveling all the way
by wagon, the country being in that
early day still almost entirely wilder-
ness and the journey was one filled
with adventure.

They arrived here and settled in
Shelby county, not far from their
old Rush county home, and in Shelby
county they were content to spend
their days, enjoying the fruits of the
rich western lands. All the life of
Mrs. Midkiff, from her sixteenth year
to her death, was spent in Shelby
county and for the past sixty years
she had lived on the farm on which
she died.

Miss Elvina Beggs was married on
October 6, 1853, to James L. Midkiff,
who thirty-three years ago preceded
her in death. A very happy married
life was theirs and born to bless their
truly fortunate union were five sons
and three daughters, three sons and
two daughters of whom survive the
mother. They are Joseph Midkiff,
of Shelby county; Alvin Midkiff, Shel-
byville; John R. Midkiff, of Shelby
county; Mrs. Maggie Kuhn, who
resided with her mother, and Mrs.
Bertha Mahan, who lives but a short
distance from her mother's late home.
She also leaves one sister, Mrs. Wil-
liam Hughbanks, of Clinton county,
and three grand children.

She was member of the Mt. Pisgah
Baptist church and had lived a life
in accord with the teachings of her
church and as she saw right to live.

Her funeral will be held at ten
o'clock Tuesday morning in the Mt.
Pisgah Baptist church, the Rev. Silas
G. Huntington, of Waldron, officiat-
ing. Interment will be made in the
church cemetery.

WEATHER.

Generally fair tonight and Tues-
day. Warmer Tuesday.

GUARD PREVENTED.

Milroy all but went on a big
drunk Saturday night. The only
thing that prevented a general
bowing to Bacchus was a guard
that stood watch all night over
a car load of bottle beer which
was derailed at the Big Four
station Saturday. A running
switch was attempted with the
car which was filled with cases
of beer. The front end of the
car failed to take the switch and
the car was twisted around and
fell over on its side. Traffic
was delayed about fifteen min-
ute. The car was butted around
off the main track so trains
could pass and the wreckage
was being cleared up today.

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SHOWS EVIL OF TRADING STAMP

Effect of System Are Revealed by Its
Workings at Muncie, Says
W. H. Blodgett.

BILL TO CORRECT THIS EVIL

Is Passed by Senate But is Being
Fought in House by
Lobbyists.

A bill to compel merchants using
trading stamps to redeem them in
cash or merchandise equal to their
value, which shall be written across
the face, is pending in the legislature.
The measure is of special significance
here because trading stamps have
just come in vogue in Rushville in the
last year, after a lapse of many
years.

W. H. Blodgett, special correspon-
dent for the Indianapolis News, says
in an article in the News that Muncie
is "a slave to the trading stamp hab-
it." The condition is so bad, he says,
that it is almost impossible to buy
anything without a trading stamp at-
tached.

The trading stamp companies take
from the city of Muncie almost
\$100,000 a year and that is not all of
it declares Mr. Blodgett. Indirectly,
they are the cause of the people, in
many instances, getting an inferior
quality of goods and in every in-
stance they add to the high cost of
living. The idea of the trading stamp
is that through their semi-lottery ar-
rangement, the poor people and the
consumers generally are getting
something for nothing, or at least are
getting more for their money. And
this I will show to be untrue. The
trading stamp game is a very old,
and, on the surface, a very simple
one.

Agents for the companies go into a
town and make a contract with the
merchant to sell him trading stamps.
The companies in this city charge
some merchants \$3.50 a thousand
for stamps and others they charge \$5
a thousand. Merchants who buy very
large quantities of these stamps get
a ten per cent. reduction, which
would give them the stamps at \$3
and a fraction over. The consumer,
when he makes a purchase at any
of the stores handling trading
stamps, receives one stamp for each
10-cent purchase. These trading
stamps are redeemable at what is
known in Muncie as a "Premium par-
lor," which is a place where the
trading stamp man has his articles on
exhibition. As fast as the consumer
gets a stamp, he pastes it in a book
and when this book is filled, it repre-
sents \$100 worth of purchases made.
Each of these books contains a
thousand stamps and at the trading
stamp parlor the most that can be
obtained for one book is an article
that is ordinarily valued at \$1. Un-
derstand, you get the article—not
cash. It also should be understood
that the owner of the stamp can not
get anything he wishes when he turns
them in to the premium parlor. He
must take what the stamp man has
given him.

The evils of this trading stamp
scheme have been shown in Muncie in
many ways. A large number of poor
people buy things they really do not
need in order to get trading stamps
in the belief that they are practically
getting something for nothing. They
do not take into consideration the
fact that when they are exchanging
the trading stamps they are paying
more for the article than if they had
bought the same article for cash in a
store that did not use trading stamps.

The trading stamp discriminates
against the poor customer in favor of
the large buyer. Before the buyer
can get a book of stamp he must buy

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MARTIN TO MAKE SPEECH

Will Give Annual Decoration Day
Address to Veterans.

Arrangements were completed Sat-
urday for the annual Decoration day
service here this year when A. E.
Martin of South Bend, former Rush-
ville attorney, was here. Mr. Martin
consented to make the annual ad-
dress to the war veterans. It will be
held in the afternoon in the court
house assembly room. The exercises
this year will be about the same as
usual. The veterans will march to
East Hill cemetery in the morning
and decorate the graves of dead com-
rades.

MANY WITNESSES BEFORE GRAND JURY

Investigators Put in Busy Day Tak-
ing up Pea Case and One
From Milroy.

STENOGRAPHER IN ROOM

The grand jury resumed its investi-
gations today and from the number
of witnesses waiting to be questioned
it is taken that several cases of im-
portance were gone into. The grand
jury investigated the cutting scrape
of a week ago at the home of Albert
Pea in which Duke Pea was charged
with assault and battery with intent
to kill, this afternoon. Miss Anna
Sullivan, court stenographer, took the
evidence in this case for the grand
jury. Pea, it will be remembered is
alleged to have slashed chief McAl-
lister. He waived preliminary hear-
ing in police court. The grand jury
also investigated a case from Milroy
but the nature of the case could not
be learned. Between fifteen and
twenty witnesses from Milroy were
examined.

TO TRY CHAUTAUQUA.

Morristown people have contrac-
ted with the Lincoln Chautauqua
System for a Chautauqua to be held
at that place during August. There
will be twelve entertainments on the
program. Sixty citizens of Hanover
township have guaranteed the cost of
the project, which is \$750. The fol-
lowing officers have been elected:
President, J. F. Hargrove; secretary,
V. C. Patten; treasurer, W. H. Zike.

CHAPTER WORK.

Rush Chapter No. 24 will
have work in the P. M. and
M. E. M. degree Tuesday
night. A good attendance is desired.

SUGAR MAKING SEASON IS HERE

Several Camps Are Open at This
Early Date and Good Flow is
Reported.

WEATHER RIGHT FOR INDUSTRY

It Has Some Commercial Importance
Although Trees Are Disappear-
ing Fast—Labor Demanded.

A few more days like this will see
sugar making the chief industry of
Rush county farmers. Some few
camps have already been opened, and
others are contemplating opening
their camps at once. The industry
of making molasses is almost a lost
art in these days because the weather
conditions have not been right.

Heavy rainfall, followed by a hard
freeze and sudden thaw, make far
the best "sugar weather." The last
few days, farmers say, have been
ideal. James Dill had his camp open
the last two days of last week and is
reported to have had an unprecedent-
ed flow. O. M. Siler, trustee of
Jackson township, planned to open
his camp today.

Summer temperature was almost
reached today. The weather bureau
promises a continuation of the clear
weather tomorrow and an increase in
temperature.

The manufacture of molasses from
maple-tree sap perhaps smacks
stronger and more pleasantly of
primitive times and ways than any
other industrial action now in vogue
here. And apart from its reminis-
cent suggestions it is still a yearly
work of some financial consequence,
since, each season hundreds of
gallons of the far-sought syrup are
exported from this county alone. The
price is almost always high.

The general process of molasses
making is very well understood by
most of the people of this vicinity. It
entails so much hard and disagree-
able work that less of it is done
each season, and the yearly under-
taking now is hardly more than a
shadow of what it was twenty-five
years ago. There is a double reason
for this, the thinning out of the ma-
ple trees being a great factor.

Old molasses makers are predicting
only a fair season this year. The
ground is abundantly moist, but there
has been less hard freezing than in
many winters. The sap, it is said,
will probably be abundant, but not so
sweet as it usually is. This will
necessitate more handling of the juice
to the given gallon of molasses made
than is desired, but it will probably
have little or no effect on the quality
of the finished product.

JUDGE MEGEE IS MOVED BY SOLEMN SOLICITATIONS FOR HIS WELFARE

Practical Jokers Take Woodrow Wil-
son's Recall Idea as Basis to
Have Some Sport.

MAKE SPEECHES IN OPEN COURT

Judge John D. Meegee's face wore a
troubled look this morning after
some of the attorneys, apparently, in
all seriousness, had extended their
sympathies to the court because of
the pronounced opinions of Woodrow
Wilson on the recall of judges, ex-
pressed in a book just issued today.

Will M. Sparks, former judge, made
the first speech in open court after

the reading of the docket was over.
Mr. Sparks recalled that the court
had sympathized with him when he
occupied the bench because of the
heretic opinions concerning the re-
call. He said he remembered that
the court was very uneasy, fearing
his (Sparks') seat on the bench was
endangered.

John A. Titsworth, in the next
speech on the program, suggested
that the citizenry of the county be
sounded for sentiment in regard to
the president-elect's ideas. He felt
that the county should be canvassed
for persons who desired to buy Wil-
son's newest work. Since Will L.
Newbold, Milt Stiers and Charles

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Thrift is the Best Means of Thriving

Your cost of living is one of your biggest problems. It is the
problem of every housewife. The value you receive for every
dollar you spend should be a matter of serious thought, for of
course you want to "thrive."

One of the greatest helps to thrift is the reading of THE
DAILY REPUBLICAN every evening. Its pages are filled with
suggestions for those who would thrive.

The advertisements tell you where you can buy fine furniture
at a big saving and household articles at much below their usual
cost; and where you will find clothes that are real bargains.

Read THE DAILY REPUBLICAN closely and constantly;
read it every night and get the messages of thrift that the best
storekeepers are sending to their customers each day.

PRESIDENT ELECT PERFORMED

Big Duties of Governor and Inaugural Affairs Are Combined.

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.
THE presidency of the United States entails heavy burdens and hard work long before the term of office actually begins. The campaigns for the nomination and the election usually occupy nearly a year of organization, press work, stump speaking and conferences. It is after election, however, that the president elect's duties really begin to approximate those he will have to assume after the inauguration. Policies must be formulated, the cabinet and other important officials agreed upon, the inaugural address written, the inaugural ceremony, parade and display organized, many of the details having to be attended to by the president elect personally, and various party questions ironed out in the different states and in the nation at large.

President Elect Woodrow Wilson has not only had all of these heavy duties to bear, but has also been governor of New Jersey, thus giving him a double burden, either half of which would have proved too much for most men. Nor does this include all of his task. New Jersey has become known as the "mother of trusts." To remove from her this stigma and to draft and have passed an entire body of anti-corporation laws for the state is the voluntary additional work assumed by Governor Wilson. To this end he has formulated and caused to be drafted under his personal supervision seven important bills which he hopes to see enacted into law before he relinquishes the governorship. The mere writing of these measures is only a small part



EDWIN R. WALKER.

of the work connected with their passage. Keeping the situation in hand holding conferences with the legislature, crowding the bills through the two houses and seeing that there is no material delay and no injurious amendments are features of the program. The closing of Mr. Wilson's work in the state does not end even here. There are several minor measures in which he is vitally interested, such as reform of the procedure in drawing juries, abolition of railway grade crossings, reform of the taxation laws and the calling of a convention to amend the constitution of New Jersey.

The "Seven Sisters."

Governor Wilson calls his anti-trust bills the "seven sisters." What some of the trust people call them is not printed here for reasons of propriety, although the new head of the harvester trust is reported to have spoken of them as the seven commandments.

The keynote of the proposed legislation is that "guilt is personal." In other words, it is proposed to send somebody to jail. In the past, except in a few minor instances, it has been impossible to get a conviction under the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law. American juries will not vote to send trust malefactors to prison. That, of course, is under the federal law. Under these proposed state laws the crimes for which trust directors and officers may be criminally convicted are more closely defined. If the bills are enacted the offending corporation may lose not only its charter, but the directors, dummy or otherwise, may be convicted of a misdemeanor, with a maximum penalty of three years' imprisonment or \$1,000 fine. Holding companies are also prevented in future. The laws are not retroactive, so that holding companies already formed may continue, provided they do none of the things prohibited under the new statutes. The definition of a trust is laid down as follows:

A trust is a combination or agreement between corporations, firms or persons, any two or more of them, for the following purposes, and such trust is hereby declared to be illegal and indictable:

First.—To create or carry out restrictions in trade or to acquire a monopoly either in intrastate or interstate business or commerce.
Second.—To limit or reduce the production or increase the price of merchandise or of any commodity.
Third.—To prevent competition in manufacturing, making, transporting, selling

WILSON HAS ARDUOUS TASKS

He Achieved Much In Preparing Seven Anti-trust Laws For State.

and purchasing of merchandise, produce or any commodity.
Fourth.—To fix at any standard or figure whereby its price to the public or consumer shall in any manner be controlled any article or commodity of merchandise, produce or commerce intended for sale, use or consumption in New Jersey or elsewhere.

Fifth.—To make any agreement by which they directly or indirectly preclude a free and unrestricted competition among themselves or any purchasers or consumers in the sale or transportation of any article or commodity either by pooling, withholding from the market or selling at a fixed price or in any other manner by which the price might be affected.

Sixth.—To make any secret oral agreement or arrive at any understanding without express agreement by which they directly or indirectly preclude to a free and unrestricted competition among themselves or any purchasers or consumers in the sale or transportation of any article or commodity either by pooling, withholding from the market or selling at a fixed price or in any other manner by which the price might be affected.

They Have Teeth.

The heaviest penalties are directed at price fixing. Watering of stocks is also brought under the ban. The measures



Photo © by American Press Association. SNAPSHOT OF PRESIDENT ELECT WILSON.

ures are not only broad and sweeping, naming every trust practice that has caused public complaint, but are definite and clear in their language. In other words, they have teeth. They are an answer to those who have objected that the president elect's speeches have been general and vague. They show that when he comes to official action he can get down to details. In fact, it is his policy to lay down general principles in his speeches, but when administrative details are reached to be as explicit about particular evils as the case requires. There can be no objection that he is vague or ambiguous in these anti-trust bills.

The measures were drawn at Governor Wilson's request by Chancellor Edwin R. Walker, who succeeded Supreme Court Justice Mahlon Pitney as head of New Jersey's highest court. Chancellor Walker was assisted by ex-Judge Bennet Van Syckle, an eminent lawyer of the state. They were introduced by Senator J. Warren Davis, majority leader of the state senate. Four of the bills were referred to the judiciary committee, of which Senator Davis is chairman, but the other three went to the corporations committee, and hereby hangs a tale.

The head of the corporations committee was not particularly friendly to the governor's proposed legislation, and stories were soon floating about Trenton that the bills in his charge would be delayed by extensive hearings. The plan was to "string them along" until after March 3, when Woodrow Wilson would no longer be governor of New Jersey. Thereupon something happened, and the something was quite characteristic of the Wilson methods. The Democrats of the legislature were called together in conference, the three bills were taken out of the hands of the corporation committee and referred with the other four to Senator Davis' judiciary committee, and henceforth the talk of "stringing things along" was heard no more. Hearings are being held, of course, but they are all in Trenton and not all over the state, as the delay advocates proposed; neither is their secret object to block progress until after Governor Wilson is out of the state.

Future With Those Who Serve.

One powerful figure who stood with Wilson in this fight was Senator James F. Fielder, president of the senate and future successor to the governorship

after Mr. Wilson becomes president of the United States. In his last message to the legislature the governor paid a high tribute to Senator Fielder and to the other loyal legislators who have upheld him in his battle for reforms in New Jersey.

Other notable items in this farewell message, aside from those already mentioned, including radical revision of the corporation laws, further taxation reform, eliminating grade crossings and advocating a state constitutional convention, were a recommendation for commission government in all cities and advocacy of a "full crew" bill for railroads. It was in this message that the fine passage occurred declaring that the future belongs to those who serve without a selfish purpose.

Every indication is that the Wilson anti-trust bills will pass the New Jersey legislature and that he will have an opportunity to sign them before relinquishing the governorship. That would be a fitting ending for his work in the state. Taking it all in all and aside from partisanship, is there any finer example in American politics? This is the sort of thing that appeals to the imagination and on which historians love to dwell. It is at once an auspicious ending of Mr. Wilson's work as governor and a prophecy of his work as president. This man who has written so much history is now enacting history.

Trust Question National.

As to the bearing of the proposed legislation on his national work the governor has refused to commit himself. When asked point blank as to whether these bills embodied his ideas of the way the nation should deal with the trusts he answered rather dryly: "They embody my ideas of the way New Jersey should deal with the question."

On this point we are free to form our own conclusions. Practically all of these New Jersey corporations do a national business. The abuses of which they are guilty are not state, but national. Because of our dual system of government the remedies must be both state and national. It is well known that Governor Wilson himself believes



Photo by American Press Association. JAMES F. FIELDER.

that the federal anti-trust laws should supplement and complete the state anti-trust laws.

The bills, in brief, provide penalties for doing any of the acts included under the definition of a trust, prevent the extension of present holding companies and the formation of new ones, provide that no fictitious or watered stock shall be issued, that no stock shall be issued for profits not yet earned, that no corporation shall purchase another corporation unless its business be the same and then shall not issue stock in an amount greater than the sum actually paid in cash or its equivalent, that the statement of such purchases shall be filed with the secretary of state, that any false statement shall be a misdemeanor, that any purchase for the purpose of restraining trade or creating a monopoly shall likewise be a misdemeanor, that before any merger of corporations is permitted in future the approval of the board of public utilities commissioners must be obtained, and that there shall be no dis-

R. F. POWELL
AUCTIONEER
Four Years Experience in the West
Phone Arlington

crimination between different sections or communities of the state.

Rising Above Self Interest.

One effect of this legislation may be to deprive the state of New Jersey of more than \$3,000,000 annual revenue. It is a hopeful fact and a fine commentary on human nature that this phase of the question has had little effect in the state. The people of New Jersey are showing the disposition to rise above all selfish considerations in the matter and to legislate only for what they think right and beneficial to the people of the entire country.

It is also hopeful and not a little surprising that the corporations themselves are making little open fight against the bills. They evidently have concluded to face the inevitable and make the best of it.

There are only a few states left that offer special inducements to corporations to organize under their laws. These measures will take New Jersey out of this class and will place her abreast of the other states having anti-trust legislation. That these laws will go any great way toward solving the trust question is not contended. This is national and must be dealt with by the nation. Governor Wilson by these bills is simply clearing the ground for tackling the bigger question, which he will meet as President Wilson.

WOULD PUT ROD IN SCHOOL.

Professor Urges Establishment of Regular "Spanking Stations."

Professor Frank M. McMurray of the Teachers' college, Columbia university, believes that spanking in the public schools of New York is a necessary adjunct of education and that the law forbidding corporal punishment in any form is unwise.

Furthermore, he asserts that it is not enforced and cannot be. He thinks the proper course would be to convert some of the city schools at convenient distances apart into what in effect would be spanking schools, presumably in charge of husky teachers. Unruly pupils from all over the city who need the rod could then be transferred to these schools and their cases properly attended to.

Professor McMurray was engaged by the city to investigate certain branches of the public school system. He reported his theories recently.

DEFEATS MASKED ROBBERS.

Canadian Bookkeeper Frees Self From Rope and Fires.

Working himself free of the rope with which he had been bound, Clare West, a bookkeeper of the Bank of Nova Scotia, in Edmonton, Canada, reached his revolver and drove off two masked robbers who were rifling the safe one day recently.

The pair fired several shots at West as they dashed out, one bullet lodging in his arm. The robbers escaped.

Flier Incorporates Self.

Colonel E. S. Cody, erstwhile American aviator, now a full fledged Britisher, formed himself into a limited liability company recently in London with a capital of \$600,000. He is to make aeroplanes.

COP BARS KAISER'S GUESTS.

Nearly Spoils Emperor's Birthday Celebration at Opera House.

The gala celebration of the kaiser's birthday was nearly spoiled at the opera house in Berlin by the obstinacy of a policeman in refusing admittance to the leading actress, Mlle. Poppe, whom somehow he suspected of wishing to enter the house through wrongful motives.

The actress was unable to convince the policeman of her identity. Meanwhile the kaiser and his guests were chafing at the delay, and an aid-de-camp was sent out to make inquiries. He found the couple in a heated argument at the stage door. Something serious will happen to that policeman.

This is the season of the year when mothers feel very much concerned over the frequent colds contracted by their children, and have abundant reason for it as every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and paves the way for the more serious diseases that so often follow. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures, and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers. (Advertisement.)

Fresh supply Mrs. Austin's Bag Buckwheat now on hand at your grocers.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

FRENCHMAN CONVICTED BY TOOTH MARKS ON BUTTER.

After Raid on Former Employer's House Burglar Meets Downfall.

Improving on the finger print method of detecting crime, the Paris police have obtained proof of a burglar's identity from the tooth marks which he left in a pat of butter.

Pierre Bessaud, the alleged burglar, broke into his former employer's premises at Montreuil-sous-Bois, hoping to find jewelry and money. Failing in this, he went to the kitchen and had a feast. Then he rode away on a stolen bicycle. When arrested he denied everything, but the police found the marks of eighteen of his teeth, including one which was broken, exactly reproduced in a lump of butter, into which he had probably bitten by mistake in the dark.

He still protested his innocence, asserting that he did not like butter, but when the magistrate sent for some butter and made the prisoner bite into it the imprint left by his irregular teeth was found to be identical with the impression made in the larder at Montreuil.

HE BIT DIAMOND OUT OF RING.

Police of Baltimore Are Looking For Iron Jawed Thief.

The police of Baltimore are looking for a thief who weighs about 225 pounds and has an iron jaw. This is the only description given by the men who saw him, but who were so astonished by his feat that he got away before they had a good look at him.

While in a saloon with several friends recently Louis Wolf put his hand on the bar. On the third finger of his right hand sparkled a half carat diamond in a gold setting. The iron jawed man stood at one end of the bar and edged closer and closer to Wolf. Suddenly he reached forth both hands, seized Wolf by the left arm and at the same time bent over and grasped the ring with his teeth.

Wolf yelled, and the stranger, after giving him a shove that sent him reeling half across the room, darted out of the door. There was a slight scar on Wolf's third finger, but there was something missing—the diamond had been bitten clear of its setting.

New Coffee Urn and best grade of Coffee. Madden's Restaurant.

275136.

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Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

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DR. J. A. WALLS
THE SPECIALIST,
Will be at the Windsor Hotel,
Rushville, Ind.
Wed., Feb. 26 until 3:30 p. m.
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Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Kidneys, Liver and Bladder, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Blood, Epilepsy (or falling fits), Cancer Scrofula, Private and Nervous Diseases, Female Diseases, Night Losses, Loss of Vitality from Indiscretions in youth or maturer years, Piles, Fistula, Fissure and Ulceration of the Rectum, without detention from business.

RUPTURE POSITIVELY CURED AND GUARANTEED.
It will be to your interest to consult the Doctor if you are suffering from disease, and if he cannot cure you, he will tell you so at once. Remember the time and place. Will return every four weeks.
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PUBLIC SALE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell at public auction at

Davis Bros. Sale Barn,
SAT. FEB. 22nd

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY, TO-WIT:

35 Head of Draft Horses 35

One pair Bay English Shire Mares, coming 8-yr.-old, weight 3200 lbs., sound, both in foal to jack; they both look alike, and as good a hitching team as you ever saw. One Black Percheron Mare, coming 7 years old, weight 1700 pounds, in foal to a Percheron horse, a good worker. One Bay Percheron Mare, coming 5 years old, sound, a good worker, and in foal to a Percheron horse. One Gray Mare, coming 8 years old, sound, in foal to jack and is a No. 1 line mare. One pair Grey Geldings, coming 3 years old, weight 3000 pounds, sound and broke and work extra fine. All the above described are as good as Rush county affords and they are show stuff.

Two Gray Mares, coming 4 years old, sound and good workers, one in foal. Two Black Mares, coming 3 and 4 years old, sound and good workers; the 4-year-old mare in foal; will weigh 2700 pounds. Three Bay Mares, coming 4 years old, sound and well broke. Two Black Mares, 9 years old, good workers, weight 1400 pounds. One Black Mare, 6 years old, a good worker. One Sorrel Mare, 7 years old, a good worker. One Belgian Bay Mare, coming 3 years old in September, nicely broke. Three Geldings, coming 3 and 4 years old, broke. Two Belgian Fillies, coming 2 years old, broke. One General Purpose Horse, 9 years old, not afraid of anything. One General Purpose Mare, 6 years old, extra good driver. Two Bay Driving Mares, coming 4 years old, extra good, broke. The rest of these horses range in weight from 1200 to 1600 pounds, and age from 3 to 8 years. Also one Shetland Pony, Buggy and Harness goes in this sale.

SALE WILL BEGIN AT 12:00 O'CLOCK SHARP.

TERMS OF SALE:—December 25, without interest, purchaser to give good bankable note. A discount of 5 per cent. will be given for cash.

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The Rexall Store Lytle's Drug Store The Rexall Store

RESIGNATION IS TALK OF HOUSE

Indiana Lawmakers Disturbed
Over Keegan.

THE INCIDENT NOT CLOSED

Though Final Action Has Not Yet
Been Taken by the Governor in the
Matter of the Resignation of Miffed
Member From Indianapolis, Many
Members of House Are Urging That
the Resignation Be Accepted.

Indianapolis, Feb. 17.—In the executive office Representative John J. Keegan of Marion county, who resigned from the legislature after the house had defeated the purpose of his bill providing shorter hours for women, held a conference with Governor Ralston. Following their talk Mr. Keegan said that nothing had been altered in the matter of his resignation. Governor Ralston said that Mr. Keegan's letter of resignation would continue to lie upon the governor's table, and that Mr. Keegan would call again for a further discussion of the resignation.

It is pretty well settled that there will be no election to name a successor to Representative Keegan. Men of the Democratic organization are against any special election because it would be an unnecessary expense considering the short period of the session remaining. On the other hand members of the house have declared that the Keegan resignation ought to be accepted by the governor. In fact, one of the suppressed bits of literature in the house was a resolution calling upon the governor to accept Keegan's resignation. The resolution expressed the resentment felt by the house members who recall Mr. Keegan's remark to the effect that he would rather have a place in a "leper colony" than to continue to associate with the house members who amended his eight-hour day for women bill.

Gave Evidence of Pressure.

In the meantime, under pressure brought by labor organizations whose officers affiliate with the inner Democratic organization, the house, in a hurried effort to appease Keegan and some of the men with him, rushed through an amendment to the Keegan eight-hour day for women bill to make the limit of hours fifty for the week instead of fifty-four, as in the bill which was passed.

As indicating the feeling toward

Keegan, some of the men who do not enjoy being classed sarcastically as worse than lepers, are credited with having decorated Keegan's vacant chair with crepe. The incident caused considerable feeling.

Some of the politicians say Keegan will be back in his place by the middle of the week. Others say Keegan will not return, but that his resignation will not be accepted by the governor. It is evident that the Democratic organization will not go into a special election to name a successor to Keegan if that contingency by any means can be evaded. If Mr. Keegan decides to withdraw his resignation and reconsider his action, there still will remain the question of the attitude of the house toward the returning member, and the question whether Mr. Keegan will be asked to withdraw his "leper colony" simile.

To Protect Memorial Day.

Preservation of Memorial day to veterans of the civil war is aimed at in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Patrick Hays of Jasper and White counties. Mr. Hays, himself a G. A. R. member, introduced the measure at the request of the Indianapolis camp of Sons of Veterans. A similar bill introduced in the legislature of 1911 was killed on the representation that it was aimed at the Memorial day races at the Speedway. A 500-mile race is scheduled for the Speedway May 30.

Representative Hays's bill merely amends the act of 1905 concerning public offenses, and inserts in Section 467, prescribing restrictions against Sunday desecration, a clause extending the provisions of the act to Memorial day. It was referred to the committee on criminal code.

When the public service commission measure, the Shively-Spencer bill, is taken up tomorrow in the senate, certain amendments will be adopted, according to the present program. These amendments will be concessions to the interurban or traction companies of the state. It is understood that the amendments will not seriously affect or weaken the bill, but will merely clear up, to the better satisfaction of the interurban people, the uncertainties which heretofore have been pointed out.

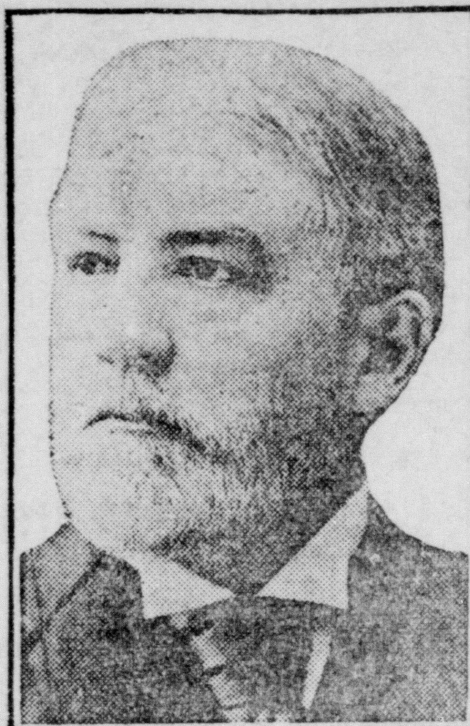
Barn Burners at Work.

Petersburg, Ind., Feb. 17.—The large stock barn of W. F. Jones, one mile west of here, was consumed by fire. Three valuable horses were cremated, two badly burned and a herd of cattle knocked the door down and got out. Mrs. Jones was alone at home and the telephone had been tampered with she could get no help from neighbors. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin. Loss, \$4,000.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

EUGENE HALE

Former Leader in U. S. Senate
Is Seriously Ill at Washington.



Washington, Feb. 17.—Former Senator Eugene Hale of Maine has been stricken with paralysis at his home in this city, and his condition is one of alarm to his relatives and friends.

EUROPE SOUNDS A STRONG WAR NOTE

Austria and Russia Complicate
the Situation.

London, Feb. 17.—Threatening if not actually critical, has become the general European situation arising out of the Balkan difficulties. The chief source of alarm is over the relations between Austria and Russia, which according to several statements ascribed to semi-official sources have in no wise improved as the result of Prince Von Hohenlohe's mission to St. Petersburg, notwithstanding the recent hopeful announcement from Vienna.

The principal of these sinister signs is a telegram from St. Petersburg to which the London papers attach prominence. This says that the czar's reply to Emperor Francis Joseph's suggestion as to demobilization was short and decisive. It referred to the long standing friendship between Austria and Russia, but added that the attitude of the former country in the last few years had impelled Russia now to announce her inflexible resolve to support the interests of her Slav brethren. At the same time the czar said he thought that means could be found to keep peace, having regard for the essential basis of the Austrian policy in the Balkans. The absolutely divergent views of Austria and Russia respecting the proposed boundaries of autonomous Albania seem to be the chief cause of the trouble. But the tension between Bulgaria and Roumania seems to be hardly less disturbing.

HONOR AMERICAN INDIANS

Memorial to the Redskins to Be Erected
by Government.

New York, Feb. 17.—President Taft, Governor Sulzer and Mayor Gaynor, with more than thirty chieftains of western tribes, will attend breaking of ground at Fort Tompkins next Saturday, Washington's birthday, for the memorial to the North American Indian, the project started by Rodman Wamaker four years ago. The 62d congress authorized the erection of such a memorial on a government reservation. Fort Tompkins, the highest elevation in New York harbor, was chosen.

The ceremonies incidental to the breaking of ground for the monument will be held at noon. President Taft will dig the first shovelful of earth, and an Indian chief will also assist in breaking ground with the spade made of a buffalo's thigh bone.

A United States war vessel will convey the president and the rest of the party from a landing place in New York down through the narrows to the fort. After the first sod is turned the guns of the fort will fire a salute and the Indians will hoist the United States flag to Indian music.

The German View of It.

Berlin, Feb. 17.—The impression prevails in German government circles and also in the newspapers, that the reports from Mexico of the revolution are greatly exaggerated. The press so far has confined its comments to intimations that the United States cannot intervene because it has not a large army, and attempts to draw a lesson from this. The foreign office says it has received no requests for a German warship, and that it is looking to the United States to protect German interests.

Marshall Starts For Home.

Phoenix, Ariz., Feb. 17.—After a visit of three weeks at the ranch of Mrs. Marshall's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Kimsey, Vice President Elect Thomas R. Marshall has left for Indianapolis. Mrs. Marshall accompanied him. He said he did not know whether he would write an inaugural address. In any case, he would not until after he had conferred with Mr. Wilson.

ARMY AND NAVY FULLY PREPARED

Ready for Mobilization at
Instant Notice.

TRANSPORTS BEING SECURED

It Is Known That Propositions Have
Been Made to the Morgan Line For
Two of Its Largest and Most Powerful
Vessels For Use in Transporting
Troops to the Gulf Ports of Troubled
Republic.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Thoroughly realizing the seriousness of the trouble in Mexico, the government has made arrangements to transport thousands of troops to the Mexican border. Although at the state and navy departments the impression is conveyed that the accounts of the fighting coming from the City of Mexico are wildly exaggerated, it has become known that as early as last Thursday the government made overtures to the Southern Pacific company for the charter of two of the largest vessels of the Morgan line for the purpose of transporting troops from northern ports to gulf points.

At a meeting of the Southern Pacific directors in New York last Thursday the proposition made by the government was discussed, and while it was not acted upon, if the government wishes two vessels on a moment's notice, as was requested, the vessels will be forthcoming.

The government has offered the Southern Pacific people \$75,000 each for a month's charter of two of its largest and most powerful vessels. The vessels mentioned are the Comus and the Antilles, either of which would be capable of transporting about 2,200 troops on each trip, and either vessel is capable of making the trip from New York to New Orleans in four days and to other gulf ports in a little longer time, providing these points are nearer to the Mexican border.

None of the government officials will admit that they have gone so far in making preparations to transport troops to Mexico, but officials of the Southern Pacific company have admitted that they have considered the proposition.

Taft Sends Note to Madero.

It was announced at the White House that at a cabinet meeting a note to President Madero had been drafted and will be sent to him at once, in reply to numerous messages from Madero inquiring of President Taft as to the authenticity of reports current in Mexico that the United States was determined on intervention in Mexico. The note to President Madero sets forth the policy of non-intervention adopted by President Taft with regard to Mexico and that this policy will be continued. The note also assures Madero that no troops have been moved by the United States and that no more warships have been ordered to Mexican waters.

At the same time President Taft took advantage of his direct communication with President Madero to warn him again that the United States still insists upon proper measures being taken for the protection of American life and property in Mexico, and looks to him as the head of the established government of Mexico to take such steps as will insure the safety of American interests. It is known that the cabinet is a unit in support of President Taft's policy in doing everything possible to avoid the necessity of intervening in Mexico. Secretary of State Knox is, next to the president himself, the strongest advocate of a non-intervention policy, and it is understood he has been a restraining influence in the recent discussions of the Mexican situation at the White House.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The Mormon colony of Diaz, a community of 700 people in Chihuahua, has been destroyed by Mexican rebels.

Albert M. Bechtel, forty-seven years old, a farmer of York, Pa., after squandering several thousand dollars recently inherited from a relative, killed himself.

Woodrow Wilson's latest book, "The New Freedom," is out, with the first message ever delivered to the American people by a president elect on the eve of his inauguration.

Admiral George Dewey has been made defendant in a suit for \$20,000 damages by William T. Johnson of Washington, who alleges that the admiral's French poodle bit the complainant in the leg.

The Smithsonian authorities say that as a result of the Roosevelt African expedition the biological collections in the National museum from East Africa are the most complete of any in the world.

The situation along the Mexican side of the Rio Grande is worse than at any time since the revolutionary troubles began in Mexico, more than two years ago. All semblance of law and order has disappeared.

The supreme court of New York has decided that if you hang your coat behind you in a restaurant and the coat is stolen, the management is liable, even if there are signs in the place disclaiming liability for the loss of overcoats.

DIG STRIKE ORDER HELD IN ABEYANCE

Mediators Trying to Find a
Way Out.

New York, Feb. 17.—Judge Martin A. Knapp of the interstate commerce court, who with Acting United States Labor Commissioner G. W. W. Hanger, is trying by mediation to avert the threatened strike of the firemen on the eastern railroads, returned to this city today and the two government mediators will continue their efforts to bring about a peaceful solution of the tangle. The strike order which was to have been sent out at midnight on Friday to go into effect at midnight last night, is still held in abeyance in the meantime.

Commissioner Hanger said today that they had not yet given up hope. Asked if any new proposition was likely to be made to bridge the chasm between the railroads and the firemen, he said:

"I know of none, but until we find that it is perfectly useless to continue our efforts in the interests of peace we will keep on trying."

While both sides in the dispute declared today that the situation was unchanged, there seemed to be a feeling that a strike might be averted at the last moment.

Both the general adjustment committee of the firemen and the conference committee of the railroads held meetings Sunday. The representatives of the railroads, though the meetings were separate, said they were satisfied that there would be no decisive action until they hear from the two government mediators.

Going After "Coke" Sellers.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 17.—As a result of the confessions of several youths, the local police department is conducting a thorough investigation of the sale of cocaine in Muncie, and it is said charges will be filed against many druggists. Six druggists already have been arrested. They entered pleas of not guilty and will be tried.

The geological work of the Scott expedition is expected to give evidence of the former connection of Australia with South America. There is proof that there were temperate conditions of climate in the Antarctic at two periods in the remote past.

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If you are thinking of buying a suit of clothes and some one offers you a cheap, out-of-date suit for a little less than I charge for an up-to-date, all-wool suit, made to your individual measure, out of 1913 goods, 1913 model, a suit guaranteed in style, fit, workmanship and wearing qualities, and you buy of him, then and there you are gold-bricked.

I have nearly one thousand patterns of the latest all wool fabrics, from the world's best looms, awaiting your inspection and from which you can select your new spring suit. The prices for the whole suit made to your measure range from \$17.00 to \$50.00 and some even higher, but any suit we make you, no matter what the price, will fit you, will wear you, will look good on you and will please you, even if it didn't cost you as much as \$20.00.

Come in as soon as possible, Easter is not far off, March 23 this year, and judging from the way my canary bird is singing and Al. Linville's shining up, spring is nearly here.

Becker's Shop

It's the Man Who Knows
That Wears My Clothes.

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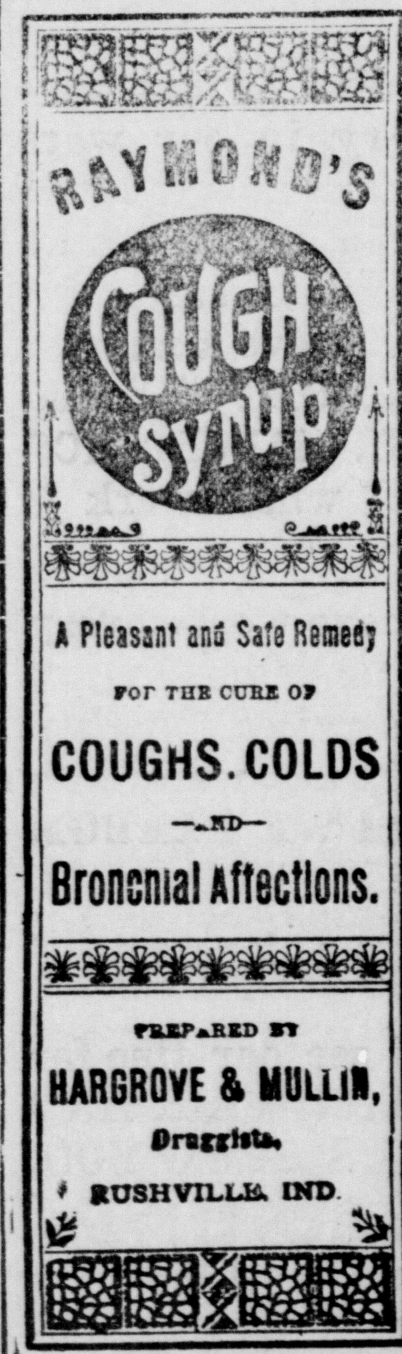
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Places us in a position to operate under the lowest overhead
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a price on your monumental work as near first
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THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Published Daily except Sunday by The Republican Company

Office in Republican Building, Northwest Corner Second and Perkins Streets.

Entered as second-class matter March 22, 1904, at the postoffice at Rushville, Indiana, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

One week, delivered by carrier.....\$1.00
One year in the city by carrier.....\$4.00
One year delivered by mail.....\$3.00

J. FEUDNER, Editor.
ROY E. HARROLD, News Editor. ALLEN C. HINER, City Editor.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Monday, February 17, 1913.

It's a Jewel.

The world in general and the State of Indiana in particular is deeply indebted to the Indianapolis Star for printing the following:

"Our own Jim Watson was one of the speakers at the Republican meeting in Kansas City on Wednesday night and local newspapers comment includes this:

"Mr. Watson has been extensively mentioned for the nomination for President four years hence, and he shared among the honors of the day."

"Great Scott! And has the once G. O. P. come to this?"

It calls the attention of admirers of the former congressman to the fact that his worth is appreciated in some quarters. That he is mentioned as a candidate four years hence can not be denied, but the Star apparently attempts to ridicule the statement of the Kansas City newspaper.

We are reminded of the biased editorial policy of the Star in attempting to prove to itself that the Republican party is no more. We turn to the front page of the Star and read that "more than 500 cheering Republicans greeted former Governor Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri at the banquet of the Republican Union and, inspired by Mr. Hadley's strong plea for progressive Republicanism, the throng which filled the banquet room roared again and again in approval of the sentiments expressed."

Please place all the emphasis on the word "Republican." The Star's editorial writers should get a line on the Star reporters and find out what is going on and we would read no more of the "once" G. O. P. in the Star.

The Star was very kind to the former executive of Missouri. It unstintingly gave of its space to his speech and then endeavored to show in an editorial, entitled "Oh, It Was Painful," that the banquet was in the nature of a non-political event. Witness the following: "Nor was the reception a partisan one alone, but took on something of a semi-public function."

The Star berates Mr. Hadley for his refusal to leave the Republican party and follow the fortunes of the Big Bull Moose, who berated him and treated him to a choice line of invectives after Hadley, as Roosevelt's floor leader in the Republican convention, had received an ovation, the parallel of which Theodore Roosevelt had not been given.

The Star attempts to point out the former governor's inconsistencies by recalling his acts in the Chicago convention. If the Star will be just as fair and bring to mind the inconsistent career of Theodore Roosevelt, we will have no complaint to make.

As James E. Watson said at the Republican banquet, it was Roosevelt who, as president, wired the Republican national convention in 1908 that under no consideration should the representation be cut down in the South, after the Indiana delegation had voted solidly to cut it down. This is one of Roosevelt's chief complaints against the Republican party, but in the light of this charge, his position hardly seems consistent.

Beveridge, Roosevelt, and the lesser lights have been offering reasons for the decline of the Republican party. They have compared its career with that of the old Whig party. Former Governor Hadley last Friday night answered this attack very logically and conclusively as follows:

"Some have tried to use the history of the Republican party at its birth as an argument against its continued existence. And Abraham Lincoln, whose birthday we observed last Wednesday, in leaving the old Whig party and joining the Republican party, is urged as an example as to why we should today leave the Republican party and join the Progressive party. But, even a cursory examination of the facts, will show the conditions were far from similar. The old Whig party was a national party and one of the two presidents it elected was a southerner and a slave holder. The American slave contest

was essentially a sectional controversy and the party that dealt with this problem, either to check the extension of slavery or to accomplish its destruction, had, of necessity, to be a sectional party. To deal with the question in response to the demands of the times meant the destruction, because it meant the division of the old Whig party, and not to deal with it at all, meant the birth of a new party, because this question had become the paramount issue of American politics. And so the Republican party came into existence, dedicated to the great principle of human freedom, and from that day to this, it has rendered to the American people more useful and effective service than has ever been rendered to any nation, by any party, since the beginning of recorded history.

"Though I am not much impressed with the effectiveness of schemes of amalgamation, though I see no analogy to existing conditions in the history of the birth of the Republican party, there are some things we ought to do, from the standpoint of enlightened self-interest, that would tend, in my opinion, to strengthen the Republican party in public confidence and to bring back to it many who left it.

"Abraham Lincoln was essentially a party man and a politician, and yet, I doubt not if he lived today, that his voice would be raised in opposition to the continued existence of any conditions in our own party that furnished an incentive or opportunity to unfairness."

The Turks are again suing for peace, and would undoubtedly end the war if the victorious Bulgarians would give up the territory they have conquered and pay a liberal indemnity.

The annual open season for the presidents of Mexico has now come.

Editorialettes

What has become of the old-fashioned person who was so hospitable that he complained if you did not use the family tooth brush?

It is in public, while the band is playing, that the conquering hero comes, but it is when he gets home that he comes across, sighs Obadiah Pankhurst.

That the complexion powder that matches a woman's gown will be fortunate for those having faces that need to be covered up.

No one has yet bet our distinguished fellow townsman, Al Ot, for the presidency of the Short Name club.

"Gas and Light Men on Trip," says a newspaper headline. That's some combination.

The Newcastle Courier says that the cold waves are losing their grip and everybody's getting it. Which leads us to remark that the Courier man must have been staying up late at night.

The first robin liar has appeared.

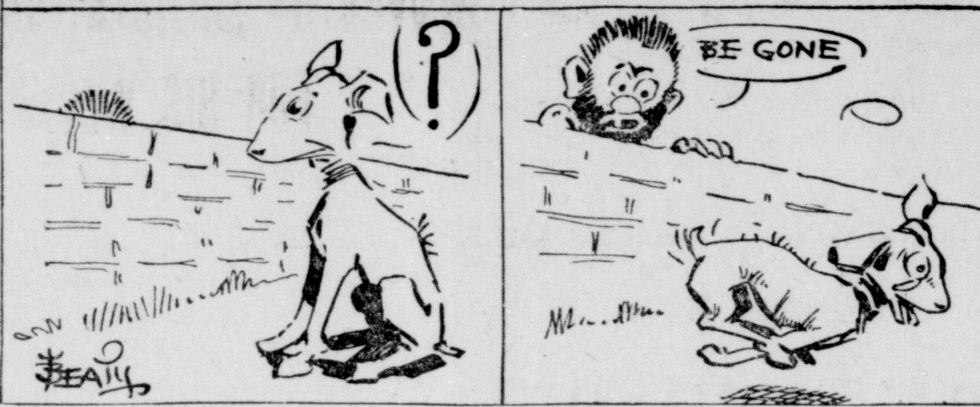
Something to Worry About. Sparrows are worth \$50 each—dead.

The legislatures and city councils continue passing hatpin laws, without asking permission of the only properly constituted authorities.

Different.

A woman can put
A man on a string,
But a worm on a hook
Is a different thing.
—Jasonville Times-Union.

HE WONDERS WHAT IT IS—THEN SUDDENLY FINDS OUT



A woman can drive
A bargain with kale,
But there's nothing doing
With hammer and nail.
—(Cincinnati Enquirer.)

A woman can dress
To look like a queen,
But hubbie stays home
And keeps getting lean.

ELECTION BOARDS ARE APPOINTED

Preparations Made For Local Option Election in Rushville Tuesday, March Fourth.

EACH SIDE NAMES ONE MAN

B. F. Miller, O. M. Dale and A. M. Taylor, clerk of the circuit court, will comprise the commission for the local option election which will be held in Rushville, Tuesday, March 4. Will M. Sparks was originally appointed to represent the "drys" on the board, but he found it impossible to act because he has a law suit in court that day and B. F. Miller was appointed in his place.

The remaining election officers were appointed by the commissioners as follows Saturday: first precinct: W. E. Wallace, inspector; George F. Moore and J. E. Spradling, judges; Omer Pierson and Joe Bushmohle, clerks; second, J. V. Young, inspector; S. H. Trabue and Bert Madden, judges; Frank Reynolds and John O'Neil, clerks; third, Washington Allen, inspector; A. W. Wilkinson and John Demmer, judges; Hugh Gray and W. Schuchtie, clerks; 4th, J. S. Miller, inspector; J. Leonard Clark and J. Greely, judges; Elgar I. Higgs and H. Schantz, clerks; fifth, George E. Muire, inspector; Link Guffin and Carl O'Neil, judges; Henry Freese and Jesse Harlow, clerks; sixth, Miles S. Cox, inspector; Will S. Meredith and Jesse Cline, judges; Sam Morgan and Mike Coyne, clerks.

FOLLOWS WAY OF ITS PREDECESSORS

Norris Bill to Amend Existing Fraternity Property Law Is Killed by The House.

IT GOT OUT OF COMMITTEE

Another Norris bill has gone the way of its predecessors in the lower chamber of the legislature in session in Indianapolis. The difference between the latest measure of the Rush county representative which sought to amend the existing law which exempts college fraternity property from taxation and the others was that it was reported out for passage by the committee, but the house refused to pass it.

The bill, which had never been ordered printed, excited suspicion in minds of some of the members who looked upon it as an attempt to remove additional property from the tax duplicate. Speaker Cook's explanation that the purpose was merely to clear up some difficulties which have arisen where the title to Greek fraternity property occupied by minors has rested in alumni organizations of the fraternity, was not sufficient to bring about passage of the bill, which was defeated, 49 to 16.

Jasper Hardin, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Hardin, is suffering with the measles.

Yes, Cary is a Modest And Unassuming Man

Senator Cary Jackson, of Rush, Hancock and Fayette, is one of the most modest and unassuming men in the upper body, writes W. H. Blodgett in the Indianapolis News. He sits quietly in his seat and watches the proceedings with but little to say. But this quiet unassuming man has started something that will make him talked about more than a little. Mr. Jackson is the author of Senate Bill 397, and 397 is old Senate Bill 105, with a new number. Bill 105, last session, brought well-dressed and portly gents from all parts of the nation, who denounced it as a piece of very, very, vicious legislation, and one of the greatest lobbies that ever assembled in Indianapolis came here to defeat it. And yet it was only a simple little thing—just provided that no foreign corporation doing business in Indiana should do anything in this State that its charter did not permit it to do in the State where the charter was issued, and that it should not do anything which an Indiana corporation was prohibited from doing. And Senate Bill 397 does not do a thing more than that. But already Mr. Jackson is receiving calls from well-dressed and portly individuals, who wish to take him to dinner and talk

over the bill with him. They even tell him that as there is to be a public utilities commission there really is no need of such a law now and suggest that he drop it in the interest of good business.

"I am surprised at the people who are getting acquainted with me," said Senator Jackson. "Really I am more than surprised. I am startled. But I propose to fight it through and get the bill enacted into a law if such a thing is possible. The very fact that there is so much opposition to the bill from the special interests whose agents have been to see me, makes me believe that it is a good bill and would make a good law. And that being the case, I see no reason why it should not be a law. It will be one if I have the power to make it one."

Amusements

The Princess will show a Vitagraph drama, "A Signal of Distress," for the first picture tonight. It is said to be a dramatic production and features Florence Turner. The other is a Labin drama, "Kitty and the Bandits."

The Palace will show an Imp drama featuring King Baggott, entitled "King, the Detective and the Smuggler" for the first picture tonight. The other is a Powers comedy, "The Skeleton."

Fresh spareribs at Harry A. Kramer's. 276tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 116 West First street, 1/2 square court house. 291t6

We will deliver all retail orders amounting to 50c. or over. All kinds of fruits and vegetables. Call phone 1059. Adams Bros. Fruit Store next to Palace Theater. 292t6

FORMER ORANGE TRUSTEE EXPIRES

John B. McDaniel, Age 64 Years, Dies at Home in Freeport, Where He Lived Four Years.

ONCE MERCHANT AT GOWDY

The funeral of John B. McDaniel, age sixty-four years, former trustee of Orange township, who died at his home in Freeport, Ind., Saturday morning, was held at Blue Ridge yesterday afternoon, with the Rev. O. J. McMullen in charge. Burial was made in the Blue Ridge cemetery. Members of the Homer Odd Fellows lodge, of which the deceased was a member, took an active part.

Mr. McDaniel lived in Freeport four years. He sold his store there a year ago on account of failing health. For a number of years he was a merchant at Gowdy and was twice trustee of Orange township. He was born and reared in Rush county and taught school in the county for a number of years in early life. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. McDaniel and leaves a sister, Ermina McDaniel, and two brothers, Charles and E. W. McDaniel, all of Shelby county. The latter is deputy reporter of the Indiana supreme court.

Michigan Farm Lands.

Farms for sale in the Garden spot of Michigan. Write today for our list of bargains. W. E. Troy, 315 Michigan Trust Bldg., Grand Rapids, Michigan. DEFeb18-19-20-25-26-27

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

IT STICKS

OUR WALL PAPER

TO YOUR WALLS,

OUR PATTERNS

TO YOUR MEMORY

OUR METHODS

TO YOUR SATISFACTION,

OUR SERVICE

TO YOUR CONVENIENCE

Our new line of WALL PAPER DECORATIONS is not surpassed by any house in Rush County. We carry in our ware rooms every pattern we show you, so that you are not annoyed by having to wait for your selections. We can usually take care of ALL OUR WORK PROMPTLY so that our customers do not have to wait so long for their work. We have a number of FINE MECHANICS who can do your work PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY, not only to US but to YOU. MECHANICS rarely have to "make good." It is the NOVICE whose work is so often unsatisfactory.

Messrs. Harry Lucas and Frank Becraft who have worked very successfully, not only for us but for other firms for several years are now with us permanently, so their efficient services, together with our regular decorators, are at our command, and we are in a position to take care of all your old friends, and WE PLEDGE YOU THE BEST WORK THAT CAN BE SECURED ANYWHERE---EVEN IN INDIANAPOLIS. WE ARE IN BUSINESS TO STAY AND WE WILL PROTECT OUR CUSTOMERS.

If you wish, look around; then come in and see our line for yourself. WE CAN SELL YOU ANYTHING YOU WISH AND MAKE YOU A GUARANTEED SAVING. LET US SHOW YOU.

WE LEAD---OTHERS FOLLOW

A Procession is Not a Race

THE G. P. McCARTY CO.

Decorations, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Shades etc.

W. Third St. FINE FRAMING A SPECIALTY Phone 1572

This Statement Shows

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts.....	\$555,778.09
U. S. and other Bonds.....	44,349.51
Banking House.....	19,000.00
Cash and Exchange.....	114,864.64
Total.....	\$733,992.24
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock.....	\$100,000.00
Surplus and Profits.....	122,238.55
Circulation.....	25,000.00
Deposits.....	486,753.69
Total.....	\$733,992.24

The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

Capital \$100,000 Surplus, \$100,000
 L. LINK, President, W. E. HAVENS, Vice President
 L. M. SEXTON, Cashier, B. L. TRABUE, Assistant Cashier

that this bank is in a most prosperous condition. Its capital and surplus, combined with the liability of its stockholders, which equals its capital, insure depositors against loss. Its loans are clean and well secured, and are made under the supervision of the directors as well as officers. **A good bank to make YOUR bank.**

Personal Points

—Fred Newman of Richmond is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Newman in Raleigh.
 —Eugene C. Miller spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Miller.
 —John Gantner returned to Indianapolis this morning after spending Sunday here.
 —Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Allen have returned from an extended trip through the south.
 —Mr. and Mrs. John Smullen are visiting Albert Smullen in Muncie, who is attending Normal College.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Omer Williams of Alpine, Fayette county, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Robertson and family in Orange.
 —Miss Ruth Crull of West Third street has returned from a visit with Miss Zella Hardin, a student in Earlham college at Richmond.
 —Miss Davis of the Davis & Jones millinery store went to Chicago yesterday to attend the spring millinery openings. She will be gone until Thursday.
 —Miss Helen Frazee has returned from Greensburg where she has been visiting friends. She was a guest at a party given by Miss Laura Woodfill Friday evening.
 —Miss Florence John of Greencastle, who has been visiting at Brookville for several days, will come tomorrow to be the guest of Miss Anna H. Poundstone.
 —Mrs. P. T. Casady and Mrs. W. T. Allen of Indianapolis were the guests over Sunday of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Clifford, and their sister, Mrs. Charles H. Brown.

PALACE

Harry Clifford, Owner and Manager

King Baggott and Jane Fearnley in "King, the Detective and the Smugglers"

"The Skeleton"
 (Swell Powers Comedy)

5c Admission 5c

PRINCESS



Florence Turner in
"The Signal of Distress"
 (A Classy Romance)
 (VITAGRAPH)

"Kitty and the Bandits"
 (Life at An Army Post—LUBIN)

TOMORROW

Orma Hawley in a Lubin
"When Love Leads"

—Miss Mabel Foley of Greensburg spent Sunday here as the guest of friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Wilson have returned from a few days' visit in Columbus.

Society News

Mrs. John D. Megee will entertain the members of the Happy-Go-Lucky club at her home in North Harrison street with a luncheon at one o'clock next Wednesday afternoon.

The Willing Workers will meet Thursday, February 20th, with Miss Sadie Williams, 425 North Perkins street. The Committee to arrange program is as follows: Mrs. Frank Smith, Mrs. Charles Baker, and Miss Ada Lafara.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wikoff of near Raleigh celebrated her eightieth birthday Saturday. Mrs. Wikoff is one of the oldest women in the county and has lived in her present residence for sixty-two years. She entertained the Misses Nellie Hayes and Ozella Clifton of Raleigh at dinner Saturday.

Mrs. Donnan's lecture on Cymbeline Saturday afternoon followed a discussion of some late books from which profit and entertainment may be had in abundance. In "The Human Machine" Mr. Arnold Bennett expounds a very common-sense theory of life and happiness. The trouble with living, as commonly practiced, Mr. Bennett asserts, is that "men are interested in every mortal thing except themselves." Why, he asks, does man take so little interest in the human machine which is himself? Why does he not expend upon making himself fit the world a little of the energy he expends, in vain, to make the world fit him? Mr. Bennett exhibits us as rank amateurs in the art of living. He shows with a wealth of lucid and effective illustration how it is that an untrained and disobedient brain is constantly ditching our best laid plans and most virtuous intentions; Mr. Bennett's method of dealing with the human machine is the practical one of applying the tools which lie at hand and will serve. L. E. Woodberry's "The Torch" is a series of articles on race power in literature. Literature, Dr. Woodberry says, is the abiding place of all that has transformed and spiritualized the world. He shows the operation of the principle of selection in the transformation of history through mythology, chivalry, and the Scriptures. These he calls the tongues of the imagination giving a sense of reality to forms of beauty, honor, and righteousness. The book represents some of the best of the author's literary criticism. "Cymbeline," Mrs. Donnan said, is a lesson in forgiveness. In this play Shakespeare has put forth some of his ripest thoughts. What he attempted to do and succeeding in doing with a fulness of creative energy which beggars praise was to draw in the character of Imogen a complete picture of unexampled fidelity. Intelligent and interesting these Shakespeare lectures would be even to one not familiar with the plays. Beginning with the special problem that the play presents Mrs. Donnan invariably works toward those problems that are fundamental touching the world of common experience.

The Royal Neighbors will give a "hard time social" this evening at the Modern Woodmen hall. The Modern Woodmen and friends of Royal Neighbors are invited. An admission of 5 cents will be charged. Lodge will start promptly at seven o'clock.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Gip Martin, colored, was buried this afternoon in East Hill cemetery. The child died yesterday at their home in West Fourth street.

John Crawley has started work of repairing the old Gossnell property in North Main street. This is the thirteenth house Mr. Crawley has repaired or built for himself in this city.

MOVED BY SOLICITATIONS FOR HIS WELFARE

Markle were all in the court, it was suggested that they be appointed as a canvassing committee.

A. L. Gary recommended a special grand jury investigation. He advised the court to order an investigation, believing, as he said he did, that the expressions in Wilson's book were deliberately stolen from one Theodore Roosevelt.

George Young closed the stirring appeal to the court by asking one simple favor. He said that since a committee was to be appointed, he would like to have the committee increased to five members and two of his neighbors, Abe Bowen and Dr. C. H. Parsons, included.

Judge Megee was taken unawares. Judge Sparks began his speech with solemn look and an expression of deep regard, but did not intimate the reason for such solicitation over the court's welfare. Judge Megee looked like he might be taking the practical joke seriously, but he enjoyed it as much as the practical jokers themselves.

HOW TO SEE THE INVISIBLE

touch, he continued, to see the invisible God.

The Rev. Mr. White said in conclusion that the people should seek to know the invisible, because the man who doesn't see high only sees half, and because the unseen is beautiful. He pointed out that the person who holds a shade over his eyes in looking

about never sees but half the glories of the earth.

The Rev. Mr. White has preached here before during the absence of the Rev. J. B. Meacham and he has created a fine impression on people who have heard him. He preached two excellent sermons at the First Presbyterian church yesterday, the one last night on the subject, "Christ's Appeal for a Disciple," being especially interesting to young people.

It was announced from the pulpit yesterday that the Rev. Mr. Meacham and his family will arrive home next

Thursday, the pastor being greatly benefited in health. He may fill the pulpit next Sunday.

CHILD WELFARE DAY.

Monday, February 17th, is recognized as Child Welfare Day because it is the anniversary of the establishment of Mrs. Theodore Birney and Mrs. Phoebe Hearst of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent Teachers associations. The work in this state is being carried on by the president, Mrs. Frederick Hoke, of Indianapolis.

YOU ARE INVITED TO ATTEND
THE SHOWING
 OF
High Art Custom Tailored Clothes
FOR SPRING and SUMMER, 1913
 which will be held at the store of
FRANK WILSON

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Feb. 18-19-20

HERE will be presented woollens from all parts of the world, including smart English and Scotch mixtures, and models of the styles that will be worn this coming Spring and Summer 1913, Tailored to perfection by the exclusive HIGH ART SHOPS of Strouse & Bros., Baltimore. Don't forget the date—let the High Art Representative take your measure, choose the style that suits you best, and the pattern that pleases you most, and then "rest easy" knowing that "The Best That's Made" is coming to you.

Frank Wilson
 CLOTHIER

WE GIVE 25c GREEN TRADING STAMPS

Our Showing

of new Spring Tailored Suits and Coats is attractive, interesting and educational. Should you wish to be well posted on what the well dressed women will wear this Spring, it is our pleasure to show you. Several far-seeing ladies have already purchased their garments for spring. Don't you want to join them?

ANTICIPATE

the call of spring NOW. Our advice is and your judgment dictates, that you do not wait until the demand becomes so insistent that we cannot give you the attention you would like in your selection of

NEW FLOORCOVERINGS

Our third floor has reached the summit of preparedness in variety and attractive values. Our showing in this dept exceeds by far in point of excellence all previous attempts. We want you to see the

RUGS IN ALL SIZES MADE

**Axminster Rugs,
 Velvet Carpets,
 Tapestry Rugs,
 Ingrain Carpets,**

**Fillings,
 Linoleums,
 Mattings,
 Window Shades**

You will not find such a showing as this within many miles of Rushville, so that you owe it to yourself to inspect it thoroughly before buying. Come as soon as you can.

The Corner Store **THE MAUZY CO.** The Daylight Store

It Is a Simple Proposition When You Understand It

Why we sell more storm buggies than any of our competitors. It is not because we are better salesmen but because we handle the best line of Storm Buggies and their past record for long road service, which is second to none, has built up a reputation for these buggies that no argument can harm. If you want to know more about our Storm Buggies ask the man who owns one. He will tell you that he is satisfied. All of our customers are. We make them satisfied by selling them the best buggies on the market at the right price and guaranteed to be the best and right in every particular, and then, should there be a defect in the vehicle, we make the guarantee good without one cent of expense to the customer. That is the reason every customer is a satisfied one and if you need a Storm Buggy we want to sell you one if you think you would like such treatment.

Will Spivey, at Oneal Bros.

SAVE MONEY by attending the Great CUT-PRICE SALE. Only a Few Days Left to Take in the Big Bargains at the **Bee Hive Dept. Store**

When Your Salary Stops, What Then?

You Need Coal.
Your Rent is Due.
Your Grocer Wants His Money.

Your credit will soon be gone. Don't let that happen. If you are short of money let us tide you over. We will furnish you money until you are again at work. We loan any amount from \$5.00 to \$200 on furniture, pianos, horses, etc. Payments weekly, monthly or quarterly.

We give you a written statement of your contract, also allow extra time without charge in case of sickness or loss of work.

If in need of money, fill out this blank and mail to us. Phone 1545

Your Name

Address

Richmond Loan Co.

Colonial Building, Room 8
Richmond, Ind.



Traction Company

January 19, 1913.

AT RUSHVILLE

PASSENGER SERVICE

West Bound	East Bound
R 4 58	R 5 45
R 5 37	R 6 24
R 6 16	R 7 03
R 6 55	R 7 42
R 7 34	R 8 21
R 8 13	R 9 00
R 8 52	R 9 39
R 9 31	R 10 18
R 10 10	R 10 57
R 10 49	R 11 36
R 11 28	R 12 15
R 12 07	R 12 54

Light face, A.M. Dark face, P.M.

*Limited. *Carmack Dispatch.

*R Starts from Rushville.

*Makes local stops between Rushville and Connersville.

Additional Trains Arrive:

From East, 11:57. From West, 9:20

Express for delivery at stations carried on all passenger trains during the day.

The Adams Express Co. operates over our lines.

FREIGHT SERVICE

West Bound, Lv 9:50 a.m. ex. Sunday

East Bound, Lv 5:35 a.m. ex. Sunday

JOHN RAWN

Prominent Citizen

BY Emerson Hough

Author of The Mississippi Bubble; 54-40 or Fight

Illustrations by Ray Walters

Copyright 1912 by Emerson Hough

"Never mind what you think about it, young man! It's what I think about it that counts. Grace belongs here, anyhow. She will have a wider life with me. It's time she had some things which she has never known. It may be necessary for us to travel, to see something of this country and Europe. Besides, the child needs care. All these things cost more money than you can afford, young man. Don't try to balk me in what I suggest. It is obviously the right thing to do."

"But how long—"

"Indefinitely!"

"And you want me to break up my home indefinitely? Well, I must confess I don't in the least see it that way, Mr. Rawn."

"You're selfish, and that's why you can't see it, Charles. Above all things you ought to avoid the vice of selfishness. You are not parting from your wife, but only helping her to a better grade of living. Meantime, of course, your duty to her and to the company is to make a success of your work. Think of the business, my son. There is no good comes of selfishness. Try to be just. And for God's sake, also, try to get one of those machines done!"

Halsey only sat and looked at him darkly for a time, making no reply.

"It seems to me that I can never get you to understand Charles," resumed Rawn, "that things are not the way they used to be before we came here to Chicago. I'm a bigger man now than I was then. I've grown these last two or three years, my boy. I should not be surprised if eventually I were obliged to make my residence in New York, if not abroad. We are rising in the world, rising very fast, Charles. Do you want to go up with the Rawns, or stay down with the Halseys in this world? Besides, in this case you ought to respect the wishes of your own wife. You want to remember, my dear boy, that my daughter, Grace, is half Rawn as well as half Johnson. The only trouble with her is, the Rawn half has not yet had its innings."

Halsey turned and stared at his wife. He found her sitting with her



She Had as Yet Issued No Veto to This Calm Proposal.

dark eyes fixed, now on her father, now wandering hither and yon over the rich surroundings in her father's home. To his intense surprise, she had as yet issued no veto to this calm proposal to which they all had listened. In his surprise he forgot comment of his own. What caused him greatest surprise of all was his secret feeling that he was not so reluctant to this arrangement as he ought to be! He pondered Grace, her sour vis-

"Stomach Misery All GONE"

"My! How I Did Suffer But Now I'm Happy All Day Long and Sleep Fine."

That's what a woman said just a few months ago. She said more and here it is.

"I wish it lay within my power to persuade every woman sufferer from dyspepsia or indigestion (or whatever they may think their stomach trouble is) to give MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets one week's fair trial. I am sure that every one of them would thank me from the bottom of her heart."

"I am well and happy for the first time in years and I do not hesitate to give MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets all the credit." Follow this advice. Give MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets a week's trial; if they do not benefit, F. B. Johnson and Company will return the cost—50 cents. (Advertisement.)

PHYSICIANS EN-DORSE VINOL

To Create Strength and For Pulmonary Troubles.

Run-down, debilitated people, those who need strength, or who suffer from chronic coughs, colds or bronchitis may find help in these letters.

Dr. C. L. Dreese, Goshen, N. Y., says: "In cases where the curative influence of cod liver oil is needed, I prescribe Vinol, which I find to be far more palatable and efficacious than other cod liver preparations. It is a worthy cod liver preparation in which a physician may have every confidence."

Dr. L. B. Bouchelle of Thomasville, Ga., says: "I have used Vinol in my family and in my general practice with the most satisfactory results. It is exceedingly beneficial to those afflicted with bronchial or pulmonary troubles, and to create strength."

Dr. W. N. Rand of Evans Mills, N. Y., says: "I want to say that I have used and prescribed Vinol in my practice and it will do all you claim for it and more."

We return your money if Vinol fails to help you. F. B. Johnson and Company, druggists, Rushville, Ind. P. S. For children's Eczema, Saxo Salve is guaranteed truly wonderful.

age, her morose air. He recalled countless angry, irritated words. He looked, and saw no longer any feminine charm. It took all his resolution not to question why he had ever made this choice. Almost he began a certain comparison.

"Now let this end," resumed John Rawn. "Let comforts, and let luxuries, come where they have been earned. It's the Rawn half of Grace that has earned the luxuries, Charles, if I am willing to give them to her. Take what you can get, my son, of comfort and luxury in this life—after you've earned them. But earn them first. Your place is over there at the works. This is your opportunity. Fall in with my plans and I'll carry you along. Don't try to hold Grace over there when she belongs here. Don't be selfish, Charles."

He relented just a trifle. "I don't say this is going to last forever. Pull off success over there for us. I'll tell you what I'll do—the day you can charge a storage battery from one of our second current receivers—finished and in place there in the factory—and run it from the factory up here, I'll make you a present of fifty thousand dollars."

"And about Grace—?" Ah! that comparison—

"She'll be a good deal closer to you than than she is now. She's half Rawn, I tell you, Charles; and love in a cottage does not suit the Rawn blood to-day!"

"But I'll tell you—" his face lightened a bit at the jest—"you can go on with your brotherhood of man ideas over there at the factory. I hope you love them—those brothers who are trying to ruin me and this company! Try them out—associate with them—love them all you can. Compare that life with this, my boy; and when you've done your work, for which you are paid—when you can charge one car at one receiver, and come from that life to this, on the strength of your brains and your own ability, as I have come here myself—why, I say I'll give you a slice of a million dollars! Then you can compare that life with this, and see how you like the two. I've made up my mind already about that! So has Grace!"

Halsey turned once more to his wife. She had changed in the last few minutes. Her eye was brighter, her color higher. She was gazing not at her husband nor at her child, but at these rich surroundings.

"I wonder if I could play one of my old pieces on the piano any more now?" she said gaily, rising and walking to the seat of the grand piano which stood across the room from them. "I've been so busy—"

CHAPTER IX.

Asparagus, Also Potatoes.

What is written is written. Grace moved to Graystone Hall and Halsey remained at the factory cottage; nor did the separation, which was regarded by both as merely temporary after all, afflict either to the extent that both had supposed it would. Grace now became acting mistress of a large and elaborate menage. As to her husband, his domestic affairs fell into the hands of Mrs. Ann Sullivan, wife of Jim Sullivan, Halsey's most trusted foreman in the factory.

Mrs. Sullivan, blessed with six children of her own, alleged that it would be no trouble whatever to her to take on the sweeping, mending, and all else for an additional household, and to furnish meals for the solitary head thereof; and such was her ability to make proof of all these statements that she in part was to blame for the sad truth that Halsey was not as unhappy as he ought to have been.

The chief reason for Halsey's easy readjustment, however, lay somewhere in his comparison of the Halsey household with blood half Rawn. Grace had been cold, after all. She had openly been discontented, and especially unhappy since the birth of the deformed child. She had left him and gone to her father with no great protest; nor

and she, at the occasions of their rare and lessening visits, display more than lukewarm interest in her husband and her former home. Within six months she was beginning to blossom out in raiment, in demeanor. She spoke of things not in his knowledge though in hers. She was changing. She was going up in the world. He, for the time at least, was doing no better than to stand still; as the factory now was doing, and International Power, also—marking time, waiting for something.

Ann Sullivan was not a bad philosopher, besides being a good cook, and at times she did not hesitate to engage Mr. Halsey in conversation when they met at this or that time of the day; as when by chance, one noon-tide when he came home for lunch, he found her sweeping down the front stair.

"You're lookin' lonesome to-day, Mr. Halsey," she remarked without much preliminary. "You're fair grievin' for your wife, I suppose? But why should you expect any woman to stay here when she has such a Pa, with such a house as her Pa has?"

"Would you have gone over there, Mrs. Sullivan?" asked Halsey, stopping and feeling in his pocket for a pipe of tobacco. It was a question they often had discussed.

"Would I? In a minnit! I'd lave Jim Sullivan for iver if I'd one chanct such as your wife had."

She grinned, but her look belied her speech.

"What I'm wantin', Mr. Halsey," she went on, "is what any woman wants. I want a diamond star to wear on me head when I'm sweepin' flues. I need di'mond earrings and bracelets to wear when I'm makin' your beds, your mind; and a silk dress that hollers 'I'm a-comin'!' when I start out to scrub the steps. Ain't it the truth, Mr. Halsey? Ain't that what ivery woman in the wurld, at laste in America, is wantin'?"

"Sure," nodded Halsey. "Don't forget the automobile while you're wishin'."

"True it is! What woman of anny social position has not got her awtomobile to-day? Luk at me. If I had me rights, I'd have me electric broom brought to the coorb ivery mornin' for me to go to market; and ivery evenin', after I'd got me sweepin' done, I'd have me long gray torpedy come around to take me and Jim out fer a fast spin up the bullyvard. Me with di'monds on me hair, with rings on me fingers an' bells on me toes, a-settin' there an' lukkin' scornful. Oh, I was born in Ireland, but I'm American now. The day Jim Sullivan gives me what is me due, and I git me first awtomobile, 'twill be the proud day fer me—the day when I'm first fined fer vilatin' the speed law of the city. 'Tis a great country, this!"

Mrs. Sullivan grinned happily at her romancing; but presently set her broom against the door-jamb and turned to speak more in her real mind.

"Anny woman wants to blackguard a little once in a while, Mr. Halsey, sir, and all women like to lie twice in a while. I'm just lyin' to you now, because the birds is singin' and the weather is so fine."

"Listen! Anny woman that's goin' to be happy is goin' to be happy because of the stomach she has for eatin', and the joy she has for dancin', and the heart she has for love of her man and her children. And anny woman that has her heart in the right place is goin' to stand by them and not by herself; and not by anny one else. Try me and see if I'm lyin' now! You're the boss. Fire Jim Sullivan to-day, and see do I stick with him, or do I go with some man that gives me di'monds, and awtomobiles. I'd stick—and so'd anny other woman that loved her man and her children."

"I'm glad you think so, Mrs. Sullivan."

"You know I think so! Oh, maybe it's because I wasn't born in this country. Over there, 'tis the woman helps

DO IT NOW

Rushville People Should Not Wait Until It Is Too Late.

The appalling death-rate from kidney disease is due largely to the fact that the little kidney troubles are usually neglected until they become serious. The slight symptoms often give place to chronic disorders and the sufferer may slip gradually into some serious form of kidney complaint.

If you suffer from backache, headaches, dizzy spells; if the kidney secretions are irregular of passage and unnatural in appearance, do not delay. Help the kidneys at once.

Doan's Kidney Pills are especially for kidney disorders—they act where others fail. Over one hundred thousand people have recommended them. Here's a case at home:

M. Conner, 1001 N. Harrison St., Rushville, Ind., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills with excellent results and am glad to recommend them. I had backache and pains through my loins and my kidneys were irregular in action. Hearing about Doan's Kidney Pills, I used them. They stopped the pains and regulated the kidney action."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. (Advertisement.)

If You Have Grey Hair Your Ability Is Doubted

Young Looking People Are in Constant Demand Everywhere.

Competition is keen now-a-days. You can't hold down the Big Jobs if you are suspected of being a "Back Number."

You can't expect to be a successful wage-earner if you are old looking; but whether you work or not, you owe it today to yourself and family to keep looking young.

Get a bottle of that well known preparation—HAY'S HAIR HEALTH today. It solves the grey hair problem for every man and woman. It brings back the full, rich, natural color of the hair—restores it to its natural color immediately.

Don't waste time with substitutes.

to make the stake. Here, she helps to spend it. 'Tis a fine country this—for policemen. So far as bein' happy in it's concerned, I dunno! Maybe it's the Irish in me that's happy, and not the American. I dunno again. 'Tis all a question which you want to be, rich or happy!"

"Or useful!" ventured Halsey.

"They're the same. Bein' useful is bein' happy. Ain't it the truth?"

Halsey nodded again and Mrs. Sullivan reached once more for her implement of industry.

"Jim Sullivan fits in his job," said she. "He's strong and can hold his job all right. I'm strong, and I can hold mine here, just the same. We've only six children, and I wish 'twas a dozen. No, it's no trouble to take care of this house, too. I'm only thinkin' of that little lamb of yours she tuk away with her. 'Tis a mother she nades."

"Please don't, Mrs. Sullivan," said Halsey quietly.

"I mane no harm, and I'm feelin' fer you, me boy, you havin' a crippled child to face the world where even the strong has hard enough times ahead. Still, she'll have money, maybe!"

"Well, Mrs. Sullivan, I'm not sure of that—"

"Of course it's none of me business—of course not. But only look at the sky and only hear the birds this mornin'! You're young, and God may give you two yet the dozen that I have longed for, denied as I do with only six. You'll be goin' up yerself some day, with all them rich folks, Mr. Halsey, boy. I'm stayin' here with Jim Sullivan. Whin we can't afford sparrows we eat potatoes."

"But tell me, Mr. Halsey," she went on shrewdly, "how long will we be havin' even potatoes to eat? Ye don't keep min there in the factory long—there's not many at wurk now. Besides, there's no smoke in thim chimbleys! And 'tis time. What's the mystery there, boy?"

"A good deal of labor troubles," commented Halsey non-committally.

"More than that!" she insisted, drawing close to him. "Listen! I mean well to you, boy, and so does Jim. He'll stick. But Jim told me the night that he could walk out, and pick up a clean tin thousand dollars fer the walkin'!"

Halsey controlled himself. This was news of staggering sort. "Why doesn't he, then, Mrs. Sullivan? That's a good deal of money," he said quietly.

"Yes, why doesn't he?—with me half American and gettin' more so each year—me a-needin' di'monds and awtomobiles! The fool Irish! 'Tis maybe his ijiotic idea he ought to stick."

Halsey made no answer except to look over at the gaunt factory buildings. A blue-coated figure was pacing back and forth before the door.

"There's Jim Sullivan workin' inside, and there's Tim Carver walkin' beat outside," she resumed; "and the pickets tryin' to break in, and some one else tryin' to break in. What's it about, Mr. Halsey? For the company? What's the company?"

"It furnishes asparagus for some, and potatoes for others, Mrs. Sullivan."

"Oh, does it, thin? Does it mind that potatoes costs more than they did, and so pay us better, or worse, for what we do? If what we eat goes up, we can't live; and if we can't live, them that can has got to support us somehow. Ain't it the truth? What's the end of it, me boy?"

"I'm not askin' about the justice of it, but about the business of it. If our men starve, what'll we do? Mr. Halsey, sir, we'll raise hell! That's what we'll do! Too much asparagus in this country, and too few potatoes, and thim of a bad class, is goin' to raise hell in this country. Ain't it the truth?"

"Luk at Jim workin' there. And luk at Tim protectin' of him. 'Tis fine, isn't it? I'm thankin' God, meself, there's birds and sunshine in the world. If it wasn't for thim and the priest, I'm wonderin' sometimes what us poor folks would do."

"The theory is that some men are born stronger than others, Mrs. Sullivan, and so entitled to the asparagus," smiled Halsey.

"Is it so? Jim Sullivan yonder is strong in what makes a man. In what makes a woman I'm strong. Hasn't God got a place for us, as well as Mr. Rawn? And if God don't give it, haven't such as us got to take it?—I don't mean the asparagus, but just the potatoes?"

"But I've said enough," she went

there's only ONE Real Hair Restorer, used by thousands with absolute satisfaction for twenty years—HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. The following druggists have sold HAY'S HAIR HEALTH so long that they are perfectly willing to guarantee it or give your money back if it's not satisfactory after a fair trial.

FREE: Sign this adv. and take it to any of the following druggists and get a 50c size bottle of HAY'S HAIR HEALTH and 1 cake of HARTFINA SOAP FREE, for 50c; or \$1 size bottle of HAY'S HAIR HEALTH and 2 cake of HARTFINA SOAP Free for \$1 HARGROVE and MULLIN Druggists F. E. WOLCOTT Druggist

on, turning suddenly. "Tis only because I'm fond of you, me boy, that I've said so much. There's devilment and mystery goin' on here. I don't ask you what your mystery is, so don't ask me what is mine. Jim's likely to stick, and so am I. 'Tis likely we can be useful in the world, and as for bein' strong, we're strong enough to have each other. And as I was sayin', we've the birds and the sunshine—and the priest! So take your mystery you've got in there, and match it up with mine. Lave Jim Sullivan alone, and when these two mysteries git together, yours and ours, why, maybe there'll be hell!"

Halsey did some thinking when he was alone. He knew now, and had known, that something, somebody besides the pickets of the labor unions, had an eye on this mysterious factory of theirs. He had felt for a long time that there was an enemy working somewhere, that a spy was making definite attempts to get secret information. Now, this unknown enemy was able to offer ten thousand dollars bribe money. The case was serious enough.

It was worse than serious. He had been sufficiently warned. Why, then, his pipe cold in his teeth, did he sit staring now and think of things altogether apart from the factory? Why did he dream of the birds and the sunshine? Why did comparisons still force themselves into his mind, and why did he long for something life had not yet brought to him—something that Ann Sullivan and her man owned, though they had so little else?

To be continued.

Watch for our recipes in this newspaper.

Did you try our last recipe? Off not order some KNOX from your grocer and try the next one.

Or let us send you the Knox Recipe Book—and enough Gelatine to make one pint—enough to try most any one of our desserts, puddings, salads or jellies, also ice cream, ices and candies.

Recipe book free for your grocer's name—print sample for 2c stamp. CHARLES B. KNOX CO. 400 Knox Ave. Johnstown, N.Y.



Here is a message of hope and good cheer from Mrs. C. J. Martin, Boone Mill, Va., who is the mother of eighteen children. Mrs. Martin was cured of stomach trouble and constipation by Chamberlain's Tablets after five years suffering, and now recommends these tablets to the public. Sold by all dealers.</

Good Biscuits Require Good Flour

which means CLARK'S PURITY. The taste is so delicate and delicious when made from this flour, you'll wonder why you haven't used it before.

Ask Your Grocer For a Sack of Clarks Purity Today

DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, February 17, 1913.

Wheat	.....99c
Corn	.....43c
Oats	.....29c
Rye	.....55c
Timothy Seed	.....\$1.00 to \$1.50
Clover Seed	.....\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—February 17, 1913.

Geese	.....10c
Spring Turkeys	.....15c
Turkeys	.....13c
Chickens	.....10c
Hens	.....12c
Ducks	.....11c
Butter	.....18c
Eggs	.....20c

Indianapolis Grain and Live Stock.
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.04; No. 2 red, \$1.07. Corn—No. 3, 51c. Oats—No. 2 white, 35 1/4c. Hay—Baled, \$9.00@11.00; timothy, \$12.00@13.00; mixed, \$10.00@13.00. Cattle—\$3.00@8.50. Hogs—\$5.00@8.45. Sheep—\$2.50@5.00. Lambs—\$4.00@8.75. Receipts—7,000 hogs; 900 cattle; 400 sheep.

At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.12. Corn—No. 2, 52 1/4c. Oats—No. 2, 35 1/4c. Cattle—\$4.00@7.75. Hogs—\$5.00@8.60. Sheep—\$2.75@5.00. Lambs—\$5.25@9.00.

At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09. Corn—No. 3, 49 1/4c. Oats—No. 2, 35 1/4c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00@9.15; stockers and feeders, \$4.00@7.65. Hogs—\$5.00@8.25. Sheep—\$4.85@6.35. Lambs—\$7.00@9.20.

At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.08. Corn—No. 2, 49c. Oats—No. 2, 34 1/4c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00@10.00. Hogs—\$5.25@8.40. Sheep—\$3.50@5.00. Lambs—\$6.50@8.75.

LITTLE HOPE OF MEXICAN PEACE

Both Sides Determined to Fight It Out.

MADERO WILL NOT RESIGN

Repeating His Declaration That He Will Die Before Giving Up to His Hated Rival, the President of War-Ridden Republic to the South Breaks a Truce in an Attempt to Seize an Advantage.

Mexico City, Feb. 17.—By mutual consent the truce between President Madero and General Felix Diaz ended at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon. At nightfall machine guns on the roof of the arsenal were sweeping San Juan plaza, south of the Alameda, where the federal troops had taken position for a renewal of the assaults on the rebel forces.

There was very little heavy gun firing, but General Huerta had placed Maxim guns on the roofs of the tallest buildings in the neighborhood of San Juan market and was attempting to get into close range of the arsenal. In the late afternoon there were sorties from the arsenal and Felicistas and Maderistas fought with the bayonet in the narrow streets between the market and the citadel.

The hand-to-hand fighting was furious on the west side of the Plaza De San Juan and near the large factory of the Buenton cigarette factory. The ancient church of San Jose De Los Naturales was subjected to the incessant volleys from the rebel machine guns and was damaged. There has been some loss of life, but it has been impossible to get estimates from federal or rebels as to the casualties.

Americans Secure Safer Quarters.

The American residents are safer today than at any time since the revolt began. Although Madero and Diaz agreed early Sunday morning upon a twenty-four-hour armistice, they broke the truce after twelve hours. This gave sufficient time, however, for the American ambassador to remove hundreds of his countrymen from the center of the city to the Colonia Roma and the Colonia Juarez. Near the American embassy in the Colonia Roma the Americans have an improvised city of their own. They have established an American bank, a cable office, a police force, a hospital service and even a fire department. Captain Burnside, the military attaché of the embassy, commands a volunteer guard of 500 men, who are armed with rifles and revolvers. This guard is policing the district. In the truce, Americans in autos which flew white flags, drove hastily through the streets gathering up effects that had been left behind in the alarms of the past few days. Some Americans took their families to country towns near the capital.

The situation as to the president's resignation is unchanged. Madero repeated to his advisers that he would conquer Diaz or die, and he assured his interviewers that his cause was gaining and that he would be able to put down the revolt soon. As matters stand, however, Diaz is more strongly located than at any time during the week. He is receiving almost hourly proffers of assistance from mutinous federal troops in the provinces.

Slight Hope of Peace.

The diplomatic corps have not lost hope of bringing about peace, but the difficulties are admittedly enormous. Diaz insists that he will not cease firing on the palace until Madero and the government resign and until he has received absolute guarantees that the Madero influence is at an end. The president, contemptuous of the senate's action, holds fast to his office, supported by General Huerta.

The truce was broken when General Diaz discovered that the federals were digging intrenchments and advancing heavy guns. The rebel commander immediately turned his Maxims upon the Maderistas, holding that the president had violated the armistice. Nearly 500 Americans have left the city for Puebla. Trains have been running toward the gulf and the frontier with fair regularity, but few people have entered the city. Passengers for the capital have stopped off at way stations.

There was renewed talk in the capital today concerning the possibility of the return of General Porfirio Diaz, who is now in Egypt. General Felix Diaz has intimated that his uncle may return if the revolution is successful, and that the former president may act in an advisory capacity to the new government.

A VERY GRATEFUL RESPITE

Residents of Mexican Capital Take Advantage of Armistice.

Mexico City, Feb. 17.—The capital was almost gay Sunday morning for the first time since the revolt began. The twenty-four-hour armistice which went into operation at 2 o'clock in the morning encouraged many thousands to venture back to the center of the city. The shops were open, several of the larger markets received supplies from the country, and people were able to buy food and other necessities. From dawn until after noon the streets were crowded. There was fe-

GEN. WOODFORD

Noted Warrior and Diplomat
Dead at Home in New York.



© by American Press Association.

New York, Feb. 17.—The funeral of General Stewart L. Woodford, who died last Friday at his home on East Twelfth street, was held at the Old First Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon.

Verish activity. Citizens staggered under burdens of food and clothing which they were removing to places of refuge. The well-to-do were able to obtain cash from the banks, and there was more money in circulation than has been seen in the capital for eight days.

The greatest boon of all was the opportunity that was given to the Red and White Cross organizations and to volunteer sanitary organizations to remove from the streets such things as imperilled health and were in a way to produce pestilence. For a week the sanitation had been indescribable. The forty acres of the Alameda were strewn with the bodies of horses. The federal cavalry had used the park for bivouacs and their position had drawn destructive shelling from the arsenal. In many of the principal streets bodies of soldiers and of citizens had lain for days buried under the wreckage of buildings. In San Juan De Lentrán street twenty federals had been killed on Friday by the explosion of a shell in a warehouse, where the men were quartered. The volunteers, made up of Mexicans directed by American, Spanish and German doctors, were able to remove many of these bodies and to lessen to some extent the peril of pestilence.

Great heaps of garbage were burned in the streets and in the public squares. Sanitation experts examined the water supply for the purpose of seeing whether or not it had been contaminated. In the short time permitted by the truce, everything possible was done by patriotic Mexicans and intelligent foreigners to improve conditions that had become frightful. Only a beginning was made, but if the diplomatic corps can obtain further armistices the conditions will be much improved.

Neither Side Counted the Cost.

None but one who has witnessed the horrors of the past week can appreciate the extent of the public rejoicing when it became known that a truce had been declared by mutual consent of the combatants. For seven days a city of 500,000 people had endured warfare which recognized none of the laws of civilized fighting. Six-inch field guns had duelled at a range of from four to twenty blocks, sweeping the finest streets of the city with their shells. Night and day the people were alarmed by the terrific roar as the fighting extended. Dozens of fine mansions were wrecked or burned. Some of the most ornamental buildings of the capital will have to be rebuilt at enormous expense. In the mad warfare in the heart of a great city, neither Madero nor Diaz counted the cost.

A conservative estimate places the number of dead in the week's fighting at 1,000 and the number of wounded at more than 1,500. This includes citizens and foreign residents as well as soldiers. The Maderistas were by far the heaviest losers. Diaz lost probably 50 killed and 200 wounded. The federal troops, because of their hopeless frontal attacks on the arsenal in the face of the deadly machine gun fire, lost probably 600 in killed and 1,000 in wounded.

There was a better feeling in the capital as a result of President Taft's announcement that there would be no intervention at this time. Federal officers told your correspondent that it was unlikely that President Madero could be forced to resign by the government. They said that under the law the senate could not declare the presidency vacant, and that the only way Madero could be ousted was by impeachment proceedings. They said that since the chamber of deputies supports Madero it was hardly likely that impeachment proceedings would be instituted.

Regrets His Precipitancy.

Washington, Feb. 17.—John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American union, has issued a statement announcing that he had expressed to President Taft and Secretary of State Knox his regret that he had made public his plan for solving the Mexican situation by a Pan-American commission of mediation before consulting them.

To Our Friends and Neighbors

You know us. You know we would not—that we could not afford to—go back on our word. Nor can you afford to ignore this money-back-if-not-satisfied offer on this splendid laxative.

We honestly believe we have the best bowel remedy ever made—the most pleasant to take, most permanently beneficial laxative for relief from the miseries and dangers arising from constipation.

We wouldn't say this if we didn't believe it to be true. We wouldn't risk our reputation by making such statements did we not feel sure you would find them true.

Our faith is built both on the knowledge of what Rexall Orderlies are made of and on observation of very many severe cases in which they have proven their merit.

Try them at Our Risk

If they do not abundantly prove their merit with you also—if you are not entirely satisfied with them—we will refund your money—and we will do that on your mere say-so. We don't ask you to risk a penny. Isn't that fair?

Just let the bowels fail in properly doing their work—just let their action be delayed and incomplete and the entire system and every other organ suffers. Wastes that

CAUTION: Please bear in mind that Rexall Orderlies are not sold by all druggists. You can buy Rexall Orderlies only at The Rexall Stores.

You can buy Rexall Orderlies in this community only at our store:

LYTLE'S DRUG STORE

RUSHVILLE

The Rexall Store

INDIANA

There is a Rexall Store in nearly every town and city in the United States, Canada and Great Britain. There is a different Rexall Remedy for nearly every ordinary human ill—each especially designed for the particular ill for which it is recommended.

The Rexall Stores are America's Greatest Drug Stores

NEW FUEL FOR AUTOS FOUND

Has Double the Efficiency of Gasoline.

PREPARATION KEPT SECRET

The Basic Properties of Liquid Hidden Because It Could Be Made in the Home—Patents Would Not Protect Inventor—Has Proved a Success in Tests For Two Years.

Attempts to solve the fuel problem for automobiles grow more numerous each day. Many inventors are working with this end in view, and several lines of endeavor in the field have already been outlined. Still another, based upon a new liquid, the composition of which is held secret, is now being demonstrated in New York. Double the efficiency of gasoline, gallon for gallon, is claimed for this product, which is also intended for lighting and heating purposes for houses.

A number of patents cover the generator in which the liquid is mixed with air and the appliances for use of the resultant gas, such as lamps, candles, heaters and an automobile self starter. In motorcar use the liquid is not vaporized and the generator takes the place of a carburetor, the gas and air being then drawn into the cylinder and fired in the usual way.

Manufacture Simple.

It is said by those who plan to put this fuel on the market that its manufacture is exceedingly simple and that were it a patented instead of a secret process the inventor would be robbed of his deserts, because the formula could be obtained from the patent office and the liquid made at home. It could be put on the market at a large profit, they say, at 20 cents a gallon, and if the claim of double gasoline efficiency worked out in practical experience this would, of course, mean a saving of more than half at the present price of gasoline.

Motorcars have been in operation in Buffalo on this fuel for about two years without carbonization or deposit in the cylinders and have shown good results both in power and mileage. T. H. Pollock, a mechanical engineer of Monongahela, Pa., recently experimented with the fuel in his thirty-five-horsepower car and wrote as follows of his experiences with the liquid, which has been named after its inventor.

"The carburetor was removed, a tem-

should have been dispensed remain to poison the system.

Headaches, biliousness, nervousness and other tormenting and serious ills are common when the bowels fail to act daily as nature intended. All this may be avoided, if you will accept our advice.

Rexall Orderlies

taste just like candy. They are soothing and easy in action. They do not cause griping, nausea, purging or excessive looseness. They tend to tone and strengthen intestinal nerves and muscles. They promptly relieve constipation, and help to permanently overcome it.

Rexall Orderlies promote better spirits and better health. In all of these things they are vastly superior to old-fashioned, harsh salts and other purgatives, which are not only unpleasant to take but which usually leave the bowels in worse condition than before. We particularly recommend Rexall Orderlies for children, aged and delicate persons.

Rexall Orderlies come in vest-pocket tin boxes. 12 tablets, 10c; 36 tablets, 25c; 80 tablets, 50c.

CAUTION: Please bear in mind that Rexall Orderlies are not sold by all druggists. You can buy Rexall Orderlies only at The Rexall Stores.

You can buy Rexall Orderlies in this community only at our store:

LYTLE'S DRUG STORE

RUSHVILLE

The Rexall Store

INDIANA

There is a Rexall Store in nearly every town and city in the United States, Canada and Great Britain. There is a different Rexall Remedy for nearly every ordinary human ill—each especially designed for the particular ill for which it is recommended.

The Rexall Stores are America's Greatest Drug Stores

porary mixer was attached to the manifold and the generator connected to the mixer by means of a three-quarter inch rubber hose. The mixer was connected up to the throttle lever, which enabled the driver to control the gas and air from the wheel.

How It Worked.

"After a run of a few miles a knock developed in the cylinder. Not knowing what caused it, the machine was run back to the garage and the rods and cylinders examined, and it was found that all carbon had been removed and the cylinders were very bright and dry. It was concluded that more oil would have to be used. This was done. The run was continued until seventy-one miles had been made; then the carburetor was replaced, connections made to the gasoline tank and a run of seventy-one miles was made.

"When the comparison was made it was found that the consumption of liquid was 2 1/2 to 1 in favor of the new liquid.

Derivation a Secret.

It could not be learned whether the liquid was derived from a petroleum or a spirit base. The expert who has charge of it in New York said both sources could be used for its manufacture, and added that if the restrictions were removed from wood alcohol it could be made still more cheaply than at present, perhaps for 7 or 8 cents a gallon. The gas had little odor as it came from the generator and practically none after it had been burnt in a stationary engine. Only the slightest air pressure—or suction—was needed to cause the generator to operate, breathing into it being quite sufficient. The engine operated smoothly and there was no missing or irregularity in the explosion. The generator is a series of trays with upright wicks, which take up the liquid to a point of saturation. For automobiles it weighs from sixty to eighty pounds.

HUGE BEAR INVADERS SCHOOL.

Young Woman Teacher From East Resigns Job.

In a mountain school near Allen's Park, near Boulder, Colo., recently, while Miss Helen Warren, from Jamestown, N. Y., was hearing recitations, a big grizzly bear walked into the school-room. For several minutes the school was in an uproar. The pupils crawled under their seats, while the teacher screamed.

The bear, seemingly astonished at the commotion he had started, stared about him. Then he turned and slowly lumbered from the building.

Miss Warren, used only to the ways of the east, was in such a hysterical state the next morning that she was brought to a Boulder hospital for medical treatment. She has resigned her duties as a mountain schoolteacher and will be succeeded by a man.

Fresh spareribs at Harry A. Kramer's. 276tf.

GRANDMOTHER USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HER FADED OR GRAY HAIR.

Mixed With Sulphur It Makes Hair Soft, Beautiful; Cures Dandruff.

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates back to grandmother's time. She kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and abundant with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But the brewing at home is messy and out-of-date. Nowadays skilled chemists do this better than ourselves. By asking at any drug store for the ready-to-use product—called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy"—you will get a large bottle for about 50 cents. Some druggists make their own, which is usually too sticky, so insist upon getting Wyeth's, which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, feverish, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says his customers insist on Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, because, they say, it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use too. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. Do this at night and by morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and abundant.

HARGROVE & MULLIN,

Want Ad Department

LOST—on Eighth street between Oliver and Harrison streets a five dollar bill. The finder will please call phone 3386. 28913.

FOR SALE—Two fat hogs. Weight about 160 pounds. Just right size for small family. Luther Caldwell. Phone 3196. 2912wt1.

FOR SALE—House of 8 rooms, good cellar, bath, hot air furnace, cistern, good barn 24x26, good 7 room house. All in good condition. Corner Seventh and Willow street, nice vacant lot fronting Seventh. Will sell all or part. See E. L. Kennedy. 29116.

FOR SALE—Little Red, Mammoth, Alsike, clover, Timothy and Alfalfa. Hinkle & Co., Rushville. 2901f.

FOR SALE—Late style rubber tired buggy, set buggy harness, storm front, two horse blankets, foot warmer, umbrella canopy top, cow robes. Albert C. Stevens, Rushville. 29016.

WANTED—A married man to work on farm Thomas G. Miller. 28916.

LOST—A Pointer Bird Dog on Feb. 5th. Had on a strap collar with a ring. Call L. O. Norris, R. R. 12. 28814.

FOR SALE—A number of the best farm propositions in Rush county. 145 acres just at the edge of the city, good buildings, good soil; \$115 per acre. 160 acres at the edge of the city. No better land in the world. The price and improvements sound so good that it would be a shame to name them here. 160 acres close to interurban, \$125 per acre. 219 acres 2 miles of city. Good black dirt, \$130 per acre. One of the best constructed homes on Main street, Rushville. Nine room house on Morgan street. These homes will be sold well worth the money. A fine interurban farm 101 acres, stop in front of place, one mile west of Greenfield, 16 miles east of Indianapolis on National road. This is a dandy if you mean business. See John C. Frazier, Rushville, Ind., and if you will talk half right you will get action. 28716.

FOR SALE—1 Second Hand Piano and 2 Parlor organs. See A. P. Wagoner at Poe's Jewelry store. 2591f.

FOR SALE—Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co., Rushville. 2631f.

FOR RENT—5 room house 811 North Oliver. Call at 323 West Third street. 28616.

FOR RENT—Five room house, other conveniences. Call 322 East Ninth. 29216.

FOR SALE—Good violin for \$15, also banjo for \$2.50. Call phone 1360. 292112.

FOR SALE—Dry Cook and Heating Stove Wood. Phone 3101. 28916 W. A. ALEXANDER.

FOR SALE—12-room brick house in Knightstown, steam heat, bath, hardwood floors, all modern, cost \$6,500. Sell for \$4,000.

165 acres one mile E. Westport, Decatur Co. Cash or trade for stock of goods.

100 acres 4 miles north of North Vernon, on Big 4 R. R. Cash or trade.

20 Rush County Farms.
All kinds of City Property.

Call and see Lists.
E. B. POUNDSTONE, 234 North Main St., one door north of Cox's shoe store, up stairs. 29013.

LOST—Brown umbrella, fox muff, between Havens Bros. grocery and William Felts farm, last Thursday. Reward. Von Heeb, R. R. 9. Leave at Republican office. 28715.

FOR QUICK SALE—A full lot with 7 room house, located at corner 10th and Oliver St., if sold by March 15th, \$1,100. See Chas. Tucker, or phone 3409. 28715.

FOR SALE—Household goods in good condition. Call 1011 North Perkins street or phone 1375. 28716.

I WANT TO BUY—Three to five hundred feeding hogs weighing from fifty to one hundred and fifty pounds. Will buy any kind of stock cattle. Want to buy a few horses or colts. Will buy a few coming yearling mules or older. Will buy a few pairs of mules. Will have some horses or mules for sale. Will sell on six months credit to responsible parties. Call at Rushville National Bank. A. L. Wnship. 2851f.

WOOD FOR SALE—Prompt delivery. Ora Cline, Rushville, Ind. Phone 4106, 3L 18. 2851f.

FOR RENT—Four room house at 222 North Julian street. Ferd Retherford. 2811f.

FOR RENT—6 room house. Bath, city and cistern water; 15c. gas. 830 Main. Phone 1069. 2501f.

FOR RENT—6 room house on North Perkins street. Phone 3261 or call 913 North Main street. 2661f.

FIGURING PADS—For the desk and counter, 4 1/2x7, for sale at the Republican office at 5c. per pound.

I HAVE A FEW FIRST CLASS STORM BUGGIES

on hand and they are the best in the city regardless of price, and in order to make room for my spring buggies, will sell them

At a Greatly Reduced Price
and cheaper than anyone in the city can sell you one.

Work and Buggy Harness

I also have plenty of both work and buggy harness that is made of the best leather that money can buy. If you are in need of any kind of harness or anything that I handle

It Will Pay You to Look My Line Over
before you buy as I can save you money. Give me a call.

L. Neutzenhelzer

Phone 1177. Next to Grand Hotel

Pure Bred Stock and
Farm Sales

Real Estate
and Merchandise

CLARENCE G. CARR
AUCTIONEER

Falmouth Phone

GLENWOOD, IND.

PUBLIC SALE

I will sell at public auction on my farm, 5 miles northeast of
Rushville and 2 miles southwest of Gings, on

Wed., Feb. 19, 1913,

Beginning at 10:00 a. m., the following personal property:

8 Head of Horses 8
2 Head of Cattle 2
Good Jersey Milk Cows, will be fresh soon.
30 Head of Hogs 30
1000 Bushels of Corn 1000
Farming Implements

Terms Made Known on Day of Sale

Lunch Will Be Served by the Stringtown Ladies' Aid Society
In Case of Bad Weather Sale Will Be Held in Barn

Alva Eakins

Cols. Miller & Vanderbeck, Auctioneers

Rue Webb, Clerk

FRESH SALT RAISING BREAD
FRESH MILK FRESH CAKE

SUNSHINE CAKE SPECIALTIES

We Are Headquarters For Advertised Goods

L. L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329, Main St.

FALL AN EASY PREY TO RICHMOND FIVE

Rushville High School Basketball

Team Loses Saturday Night by

Score of 27 to 10.

LOCALS MAKE 2 FIELD GOALS

The Rushville high school fell an easy prey to the Richmond high school five Saturday night, losing by a score of 27 to 10. The Rushville lads looked good at the start, and it appeared that they had a chance for an even break, but that illusion had all passed by the end of the first half when Richmond had more than doubled the lead over their opponents.

The local players could not hit the basket, neither were they able to work the ball down the floor to get a shot at the basket. Out of fifteen chances for a basket, Griffin, the local guard, made six free throws, Cameron made a field goal and Roam the other, the locals negotiating their remaining six points with free throws.

The summary:
Rushville Position Richmond
Cameron Mayer and Urban
Forward.
Hinkle Forward Guigg
Webb Forward Ball
Roam Center.
Thornburg and Lyons
Guard.
Griffin and Frazier Hart, Phillips
Guard
Field goals—Mayer 6; Guigg 2.
Phillips 3, Ball, Cameron and Roam.
Foul goals—Ball 3, Griffin 6.

TO CATCH ALL EVILDOERS

Horse Thief Detective Association is
Organized by Farmers.

The Rush County Horse Thief Detectives' Association, which was organized at a meeting in the court house here Saturday, will be a part of and will be affiliated with the state and national organizations. The district organizer supervised the organization here. A constitution will be adopted later. It is the purpose of the association to look after all evil-doers. The following officers were elected: Frank Sample, president; Lon Link, secretary; Henry Beckner, treasurer; John Power, Captain and Chester Cross, Hal Green and Charles Johnson trustees.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

A marriage license was issued this afternoon to Isaac Baker and Anna Holden.

SHOWS EVIL OF TRADING STAMP

Continued from Page 1

a hundred dollars worth of goods and he can't get a premium until he gets a book filled with stamps. If he spends less than one hundred dollars in purchases the stamps are worthless to him as, of course, he can not get a premium until he has his book filled with stamps.

Here it is in a nutshell. The merchant pays 3, 3½ or 5 per cent. for the stamps. He charges the consumer so as to pay the stamp man, and statistics show that the consumer receives considerable less than 1 per cent. of the actual value in premiums.

Many people will wonder, no doubt, why Muncie does not get out from under this affliction. The trading stamp money not only goes out of Muncie but it goes out of the state and enriches great corporations in eastern cities. The reason why Muncie merchants continue to rest under this evil is because it is an evil that is very hard to get rid of. The merchant's arrangement with the trading stamp man is like any bad contract, easy and alluring to get into, but hard to get away from, and the thing today which is holding several Muncie merchants in the clutches of the trading stamp man is the fear that if they discontinue the use of stamps and their competitors continue to use them the competitor will eventually get a large part of their patronage. As long as the present frenzy among the stamp collector to save the stamps continues, these merchants are probably right in their calculation. But the merchants are not the ones who are suffering from this trading stamp evil—it is the consumer who is the victim of the game. The trading stamp man gets his money from the merchant. The merchant gets his money from the consumer. It all goes back to the old proposition that "Jones is the guy that pays the freight."

A bill similar to this was introduced to the Ohio general assembly, and it was to defeat a bill like this that several members of that legislature accepted money for their votes and learned only too late that men who were posing as representatives of the stamp companies were really detectives of the Burns agency. Three members of the Ohio legislature are now in the penitentiary for accepting bribes, and the sergeant-at-arms, who acted as a go-between for them, is now wearing stripes in their company.

This bill has already passed the Indiana senate, with opposition. A strong fight is being made on it in the house, and three high-salaried representatives of the trading stamp concern are at Indianapolis, with the expectation of being able to defeat the bill. It is very evident that there must be an immense profit in the trading stamp business to keep these high-priced men at high-priced hotels and keep them supplied with big rolls of expense money for no other purpose than to defeat this measure. And the cruel part of it all is that these big rolls of expense money come from the people who rush to the stores and buy goods in order to get trading stamps. People of Muncie, Vincennes, Elkhart, Terre Haute, Anderson, Elwood, Evansville, Indianapolis and other cities of Indiana, who have been ensnared into the slippery trading stamp game, will find in time how they are being fooled, but it will be an expensive lesson to them, and if the legislature will pass this bill the members will some day get a vote of thanks from the people who are piling up the wealth of the operators of the trading stamp game and do not realize that they are doing so.

HAS TYPHOID FEVER.

Frank Swain, age sixteen years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Swain of Milroy, was taken to Indianapolis ill with appendicitis. Doctors there diagnosed his case as typhoid fever and he is now confined to the Methodist hospital and is in a serious condition.

BARTLETT ARRESTED.

"Chuck" Bartlett of Milroy, was arrested this afternoon by Chief McAllister for public intoxication. Bartlett has been before Mayor Black several times on this charge and is likely to get the limit. He will be arraigned tomorrow morning.

YOUR BEST FRIEND

Should be your own self. That person who considers his best interests will begin by systematic Saving, to provide for Future Needs.

You can make no better arrangement than by starting a Savings Account with us, placing to your credit your Surplus Earnings, where they will grow, not only by accumulation, but by the interest that we add to them.

SAVINGS
ACCOUNTS

WE PAY
3%
INTEREST
ON DEPOSITS

TIME
DEPOSITS

A SHARE OF YOUR BUSINESS INVITED

THE PEOPLES LOAN & TRUST CO.
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA

"The Home For Savings"

**We Have Just Opened Another
Barrel of That Famous
SAUER KRAUT**

FRESH BREAD

FRESH MILK

FRED COCHRAN, Grocer

105 W. First

Phone 3293

Combination Sale

Davis Bros. Sale Barn

Rushville, Indiana

Saturday, March 8th

In Justice to Yourself

Enter Your Stock Early

We have demonstrated our ability to secure
the buyers that will pay you the High Dollar.

**Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep,
Farming Implements**

The Best Sale of the Season

J. E. Ryburn, Secretary

FARM LOANS

Renewals or New Loans

Tax Exempt Gravel Road Bonds and Bank Stock

A. C. BROWN

Office Phone 1637

Over Aldridge's Grocery

Residence Phone 1246

SPECIALS

IN WHITE GOODS

Including India Linens, Long Cloth, Cambric, Linweave, Linens, Embroideries, Galoons and Insertions. Also some very special prices on Odd Lots of Embroideries.

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

One Lot 27 inch Flouncing, 69c quality.....43c
One Lot 4 to 9 inch Band Insertions and Edges, 19c to 35c
qualities at.....15c
One Lot 3 to 5 inch Bands and Edges, 12½c to 15c quality, 9c
One Lot Small Edges and Bands at.....3c
One Lot Torchons and Vals, 5c and 8c qualities at.....3c

Callaghan Co.

RED REBATE STAMPS

Onyx Hosiery Phone 1014 Butterick Patterns

Come in and see the new spring dress goods, silks, white goods, tissues, gingham, etc. It may be too early to wear them, but it's none too early to select them.

KENNEDY & CASADY